Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXIV.—NO. 132. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 24, 1899. WHOLE NO. 9,990

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
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Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Patchen won the match race with Gentry. —— Hot winds in Texas have destroyed all chances of a large cotton crop in that State. —— The assault on the postmaster at Peck, Fla., will probably result in discontinuance of the postoffice there. —— A negro who attempted to assault a white girl near Barnwell, S. C., was given thirty-four lashes and told to skip. —— The experiment of enlisting soldiers in the West Indies for service in the U. S. army is believed to be a success. —— Troops were sent from Savannah to Darien, Ga., yesterday to prevent a negro riot. —— Severe storm in the Athens section of Georgia; crops were seriously damaged. —— The campaign in the Philippines is to be pressed vigorously. —— Reported that Gen. Merritt is to succeed Otis in command at Manila. —— Five men killed and ten wounded in a fight between gendarmes and disappointed Cuban soldiers near Santiago, Cuba. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent, last loan being at 2½ per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6 5-16c; flour steadier in tone; wheat—spot steady, No. 2 red 78c; corn—spot steady, No. 2 39¼c; oats—spot firm, No. 2 white 26½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine quiet at 50@50½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., August 23.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 79 degrees, 8 P. M., 79 degrees; maximum, 91 degrees; minimum, 74 degrees; mean, 82 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 4.09 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Generally heavy and local showers occurred during the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday in all districts east of the Mississippi valley, with continued high temperatures.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—For North Carolina—Fair Thursday and Friday; fresh south to east winds.

Port Almanac---August 24.

Sun Rises	5.28 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.36 P. M.
Day's Length	13 H. 08 M.
High Water at Southport	10.05 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	1.35 P. M.

Oom Paul is equipping himself to do some vigorous kicking. He is buying mules.

The receipts of the Suez canal last year were $17,581,200. American ships didn't contribute much of this, but American cargoes did a considerable.

Young Cornelius Vanderbilt has an inventive turn of mind, and has invented among other things a locomotive, which is now being built after his drawings.

In ex-Mrs. Langtry's new play she is made to say, "I ought to have been a man." If she had been she would have escaped the volumes of unsavory stuff that have been published about her.

The city of Toronto spent $2,400,000 on a new municipal building, and then the city fathers were struck by an economy freak and are haggling over the amount of money they shall spend in the christening.

The weather in Paris is said to have been so hot last Saturday that it melted the lead on the roofs of houses. Judging from the capering over there it must also have melted the brains in a good many Frenchmen.

Gen. Merritt expresses the opinion that with 50,000 troops Gen. Otis will be able to put down the "rebellion" in the Philippines. But he does not venture to go on record as to the time it will take Otis to do it.

Commander St. John, or Sin Jin, says he didn't criticise Gen. Otis, and that he didn't do it for publication anyhow. Some wicked, long eared reporter overheard him talking to himself and went off and published it.

A Western exchange remarks that while President McKinley is recuperating at Lake Champlain, the plumber is going through the White House, and when the bill is presented him he will have some realizing sense of the inadequacy of a $50,000 salary. But as he doesn't foot plumber's bills they can plumb away, and he will not worry over their bills.

According to a letter from an officer in the Twentieth Kansas, the much lauded Gen. Funston won most of his glory in the press dispatches. Those feats that gave him fame this officer pronounces fakes, the creation of a correspondent whom Funston keeps with him and gives soft snaps as a quid pro quo for the fakes he builds.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The steamer *Hurt* cleared yesterday for Fayetteville, nearly a day late on account of low water.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

— Thomas Kelly, colored, was arrested by Sheriff MacRae yesterday morning on a capias for costs from the Clerk of the Superior Court of Duplin county.

— Joseph N. Brittain, another of the recruits who left Wilmington for the Philippine service, returned from Camp Meade, Pa., yesterday. His eyesight was defective.

— The government river dredge boat *General Wright*, Capt. P. T. Dicksey, which has been on the ways at Skinner's shipyard for slight repairs, went up Black river yesterday to complete its work there.

— News was received of the death of Mr. Elisha Dalton yesterday, a venerable and highly esteemad gentleman, who resided at Tar Landing. He died on the 8th inst., at the advanced age of 83 years and 11 months.

— Seven bales of new cotton came in yesterday from points on the W., C. and A. Railroad and Laurinburg on the Seaboard Air Line. Messrs Alexander Sprunt & Son and J. H. Sloan were the consignees.

— The proprietors of the excursion to Carolina Beach, to be run on August 28th, desire it stated that they did not appropriate the name of the "Darktown Minstrels." Only the name of "Darktown" was printed on the posters.

— Mr. Furney J. Gooding has awarded the contract for the erection of a new dwelling on the corner of Second and Dock streets, on the lot next north of the late residence of Governor Russell, recently acquired by purchase by Mr. Gooding.

— Mr. T. H. Platt announces in the STAR this morning that the business formerly conducted by Platt Brothers, Machinists, Lock and Gunsmiths, at No. 25 South Front street, will be conducted by himself for the future, and that the patronage of the public is solicited.

—"General Barfield," colored, was tried in the Mayor's Court yesterday for attempting to rescue the negro Madison, who shot Phillips at Lamb's Hall a few nights since, when he had been taken prisoner by Policeman Frank George. Barfield was fined $10 and required to pay the costs.

— After several days of inactivity, the local spirits turpentine market took a decided decline yesterday. The offerings were only 46½ cents for machine made casks and 46½ cents for country casks. The tone of the market was quiet. Tar was quoted at $1.65 per barrel, with a firm demand.

— The "Young Giants" and "Little Atlantics." Capts. Montgomery and Presson, played an interesting game of base ball yesterday afternoon, in which the "Giants" won in a score of 22 to 4. The batteries were: Tilly and Lietgen for the Atlantics and Montgomery and McEntee for the Giants.

— Deputy Sheriffs King, Winner and Bland yesterday morning went down to Zeke's Island and arrested James Brock, a white fisherman, on a capias from Brunswick county, where he is wanted for an alleged assault with a razor. He employed counsel and immediately gave bond in the sum of $50 justified.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

T. H. Platt—Notice.
D. L. Gore—Wire nails.
Friday—Odd Fellow's excursion.
King Grocery Co.—Your groceries.

Justice Fowler's Court.

The following cases were disposed of by Justice Fowler yesterday:

Benj. Green, colored, carrying concealed weapons; committed in default of bond for appearance at Criminal Court.

Dock Frierson, colored; disorderly conduct; fined $5; committed in default of payment.

Wm. Waddell, colored; bastardy; case continued.

Richard Byrd, colored; assault with a deadly weapon; committed in default of bond.

Geo. W. Holmes, colored; disorderly conduct; discharged.

Glazier Brown, colored; disorderly conduct; committed in default of costs.

Alice Fair and Mary Jane Brown, both colored; disorderly conduct; judgment suspended.

Benj. Green, colored; disorderly conduct; judgment suspended.

Castle Haynes School House.

Capt. Manning, County Superintendent of Public Instruction, yesterday awarded the contract for building the new school house on the Holly Shelter road, about one and a half miles from Castle Haynes, to Mr. C. D. Morrill of this city. Mr. Thad F. Tyler was the only other bidder for the work. The building will have accommodations for 36 pupils and will be neatly painted inside and out and will have the best of ventillation. Work will be commenced at once.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms. †

FUNERAL SERVICE OF COL. THOS. W. STRANGE.

Conducted Yesterday From St. James' Episcopal Church — Large Attendance—Impressive Service—Interment in Oakdale.

A large and representative audience assembled at St. James' Episcopal church yesterday morning at 11 o'clock to attend the funeral of the late Col. Thos. W. Strange, whose death occurred early Tuesday morning. Very nearly if not all the members of the Wilmington bar, of which Col. Strange was an honored member, were present, and Jefferson Lodge No. 61, K. of P., attended in a body.

The Episcopal funeral service was rendered under the direction of Rt. Rev. A. A. Watson, Bishop of the Eastern N. C. Diocese, assisted by Rev. Jas. Carmichael, D. D., of St. John's church, and Rev. R. R. Windley, of the Chapel of the Good Shepherd. The musical features of the service were rendered by a special choir consisting of Miss Fair Payne, Miss Elizabeth Waddell, Mr. J. VanB. Metts and Mr. A. S. Holden.

After the service the remains were borne to Oakdale Cemetery followed by a long cortege the proportions of which was a strong testimonial to the esteem in which the deceased was held in this, the city of his nativity, and among whose people he grew from youth to manhood and shaped his professional and social career.

The pall bearers for the funeral were as follows:

Active—Geo. Rountree Esq, Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, Mr. D. H. Lippitt, Mr. J. S. Armstrong, Mr. Geo. Kidder and Mr. J. W. Murchison.

Honoray—E. S. Martin, Esq., Mr. James Sprunt, Mr. Walker Meares and Col. A. M. Waddell.

FUNERAL OF E. S. PEDNEAU

Conducted With Masonic Honors Yesterday Afternoon From Lodge.

The funeral over the remains of the late E. S. Pedneau, who was drowned in the river about the latter part of April last, an account of the finding of the body of whom was given in the STAR yesterday, was held yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock from the lodge at Oakdale cemetery where the interment was made immediately after the services.

The burial was with Masonic honors on account of the membership of the deceased in that fraternity, the services being conducted in an impressive manner by Rev. A. D. McClure, Chaplain, and Worshipful Master W. B. McKoy, of the Masonic order. The pall bearers were Past Grand Master H. H. Munson, Past Masters James W. Monroe, Jno. L. Cantwell, W. P. Oldham, H. P. West and Brother T. F. Bagley. The music was rendered by a special choir consisting of Miss Carrie White, Mrs. James D. Smith, Mr. A. S. Holden and Mr. W. W. Hodges.

Mr. A. A. Pedneau, a brother of the deceased, returned after the funeral to Clarkton where he is employed by the Cape Fear Lumber Co.

Dr. Creasy's Funeral.

The funeral services over the remains of the lamented Rev. W. S. Creasy, D. D., were conducted yesterday in Centenary M. E. Church, of which Dr. Creasy was pastor at the time of his death. Presiding Elder P. J. Carraway, of the Winston District, conducted the services, assisted by Rev. F. H. Crawford, D. D., of Greensboro, and Rev. Dr. Chreitzberg, of Charlotte.

The remains was brought to Winston yesterday morning and were met by the Board of Stewards of Centenary Church where the funeral services were held. Yesterday afternoon the remains were carried to Mt. Airy where the interment will be made today.

Separate Apartments for Races.

Newbern *Journal:* In the report of the Criminal Court proceedings, published in this issue of the *Journal*, will be noted a motion of somewhat unusual character, and yet its approval by the judge presiding and its prompt adoption shows that it was a motion well made.

The motion was made by D. L. Ward, Esq., a leading lawyer of the Newbern bar, that the white and colored people who attended the court sessions should be separated, and Judge Dossey Battle promptly made it an order of the court that places should be reserved for whites and blacks separately in the court room.

Accident to the Oneida.

A Press dispacth to the STAR last night from Galilee, New Jersey, says.

"The Clyde line steamer *Oneida* from Wilmington, N. C., for New York, broke her propeller shaft and is anchored fifteeen miles south of Absecom. A life saving crew from Absecom light has gone to her."

The *Oneida*, Capt. Staples, cleared from Wilmington last Monday morning. She carried no passengers.

Fire in the Country.

The residence of John S. Harriss, at Elm Grove, about four miles from the city was totally destroyed by fire with its entire contents about 3 o'clock Tuesday morning. The origin of the fire is unknown and it was discovered too late to save any furniture or other household goods. The loss is partially covered by insurance in the Georgia Home Insurance Co., of which Mr. W. W. Hodges is resident agent.

Persons wishing to locate in the truck region of North Carolina should correspond with the East Carolina Real Estate Agency, Burgaw, N. C. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. R. J. Williams, of Warsaw, was here yesterday.

— Mr. B. R. Graham, of Wallace, was here yesterday.

— Mr. S. L. Carter, of Polkton, N. C., is in the city.

— Mr. J. R. Bannerman, of Burgaw, is at The Orton.

— Mr. Hector Clark, of Clarkton, was here yesterday.

— Mr. W. B. Fort, of Pikeville, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. N. H. Carter, of Wallace, was here on business yesterday.

— Mr. J. P. Scales, of Greensboro, came in on the evening train yesterday.

— Rev. Mr. Mosier, of Salem, Va., is in the city, the guest of Mr. B. A. Jones.

— Capt. J. L. Autrey, of Autreyville, was among yesterday's wholesale purchasers in the city.

— Mr. Vann Livingston, of Bennettsville, S. C., is spending some time in the city and at the beaches.

— Miss Nellie Mercer Pickard left yesterday for Rocky Mount to visit her aunt, Mrs. Thad. Garrey.

— Mr. J. L. Tyndall, of Autreyville, N. C., was in the city yesterday and made a very pleasant call at the STAR office.

— Rev. Dr. Voigt, of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church, has returned from a pleasant trip to Western North Carolina.

— Miss Lena Hussey, of Warsaw, who has been visiting friends in this city the past few days, went to Jacksonsvill, yesterday.

— Messrs C. D. Blackman, of Sumter, and E. A. Huggins, of Florence, S. C., were among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: "Miss Sallie McRee, of Wilmington, arrived here this morning on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Herbert Lutterloh."

— Mrs. J. E. Wilson, of Atlanta, who has been spending some time with her sister, Mrs. S. E. Memory, at Whiteville, is spending a few days on the seashore.

— Mr. Will L. Miller, of Memphis, Tenn., who is spending the Summer in Wilmington and at Wrightsville, is confined to his room with illness. He is severely afflicted with carbuncles.

— Mr. W. L. Bissenger, one of the popular dry goods salesmen at the C. W. Polvogt Co., returned last evening from a very pleasant stay of several days at Cleveland Springs, Blowing Rock and Asheville.

— Mr. H. M. Emerson, general passenger agent for the Atlantic Coast Line, returned yesterday from a short vacation which he spent very pleasantly at Forest, Va., where Mrs. Emerson and other members of the family will remain for several weeks yet.

— Miss Katie Williams, who has been spending some time very pleasantly in the city, the guest of Miss Daisy Newbury, returned to her home at Warsaw yesterday. Miss Lyde Williams, who has also been the guest of Miss Newbury will return this morning.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice August 23th, 1899.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Mary Baily, Rilla Brown, Lizzie Forncey, Martha Guns, Minella Hill, Atta L Humphrey, Lula King, Carrie Larkins, Sarah Marke, Anna McKoy, Nora Piners Magie Quince, Polly Rhone, Clary Smith, Mary Scott, A. J. Thompson, Ellew Wells, Ada Williams.

MEN'S LIST.

J. W. Brooks, J. H. Bank J W Capp, John Chish, John Cornnell, Jacob Dahl, Willur Dosier, W. R. Fagan, Dr. Wm. Flemming, Bronow Gardnow, E. H. Gaines, Walter Gap, Pinkney Hite, Mr. and Mrs. Chas Kowe, Landon Jones, Zlett Johnson, H H King, Jones Lovelet, R G Lyman Robt McMillan, Jimmie Milton, H M Millinor, Dow Mallernu, Wm Owens, R B Pickens, L Penyman, Aleck Pugh Ben R Owens, A B Roberson, Robt Reid, Wm Right, R B Stadrac, F L Skipper, Wm Stevenson, W M Smith, Jas Willard, E W Wilson, Enoch Wright, W H Yuk, W T Yarborough.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Juan Atkinson, E L Sellars.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

WM. H. CHADBOURN,
Postmaster.

NAMING THE PRICE OF COTTON.

[*Raleigh News and Observer.*]

Mr. A. B. Williams, one of the first business men of the Cape Fear section, has an article in the Fayetteville *Observer* urging cotton ginners to make a uniform bale of cotton 24x54 inches. He says:

"The round bale people are doing their uttermost to establish the round bale, and if successful in their efforts, the cotton farmer will be completely in their hands. The certainty of a royalty to them of $1.00 per bale and the naming of the price to be paid for cotton are what they are aiming at." That is it exactly. John E. Searles would never have left the Sugar Trust and taken hold of the round bale if he did not expect to coin millions by cornering the market. The Southern farmers are not averse to improvement in baling cotton. They would welcome all improvements, but they will not put their neck in the halter of the round bale trust.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

ENTERTAINING THE ORPHANS.

They Came Up From Wrightsville Beach Yesterday — Reception To-Night. Excursion To-morrow.

The party of forty orphans who are here from the Odd Fellow's Orphanage, the guests of the Wilmington lodges, came up from Wrightsville beach yesterday afternoon, having spent two days very pleasantly at the new Ocean View Hotel. From the Seacoast depot they were carried to the homes of various Odd Fellows by whom they are being entertained.

To-night they will be tendered a reception by Letitia Lodge at Odd Fellows hall on Second street, during which the Open Hand Lodge will tender a concert, the programme for which has been carefully prepared.

Announcement is made in another column by Mr. Marcus W. Jacobi, chairman, and Mr. E. F. Johnson, secretary of the joint entertainment committee, that an Odd Fellows' excursion will be run on the steamer *Wilmington* to Carolina Beach on to-morrow. The children from the Orphans' Home will go down on the 3 o'clock boat.

MRS. VAN AMRINGE DEAD.

Died Yesterday Morning After a Brief Illness—Funeral To-morrow.

At the VanAmringe home, No. 608 Orange street, early yesterday morning, Mrs. Fannie Wallace VanAmringe died, having been seriously ill only a short time.

It was only a few days ago that Mrs. VanAmringe was down town shopping and many of her friends were not even aware that she was dangerously ill. She was 55 years of age and her health had been rather poor for several months, no one having any idea, however, that death was so soon to claim her as a victim.

The deceased was the widow of the late Stacy VanAmringe and a daughter of Stephen D. Wallace, deceased. A son and a daughter, Mr. Cyrus VanAmringe and Miss Fannie VanAmringe, survive her, as does a sister, Mrs. Emily Davis, who resides in New York. The bereaved relatives have the sincere sympathy of many friends in their sad affliction.

The funeral will be conducted from the residence at 10.30 o'clock to-morrow (Friday) morning. The interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—9 casks spirits turpentine, 23 barrels tar, 2 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—5 bales cotton, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 89 barrels tar, 31 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—47 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels rosin, 43 barrels tar.

W. & N. Railroad—2 casks spirits turpentine, 10 barrels crude turpentine.

C. C. Railroad—2 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 96 barrels tar, 33 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—24 casks spirits turpentine, 222 barrels rosin, 122 barrels tar.

Schooner Berta M. T.—70 barrels rosin.

Schooner Stella Lee—11 casks spirits turpentine, 47 barrels rosin.

Schooner Stonewall—28 casks spirits turpentine, 59 barrels rosin.

Total—Cotton, 7 bales; spirits turpentine, 147 casks; rosin, 400 barrels tar, 373 barrels; crude turpentine, 76 barrels.

ARRESTED FOR ARSON.

Charged With Burning His Own Parsonage For the Insurance.

[*News and Observer, 22d.*]

Insurance Commissioner Young is back from Fayetteville, where he went to investigate a fire of suspicious character.

As a result of his visit and investigation a warrant was yesterday morning issued by the mayor, and Rev. J. R. Liles, colored, was arrested, charged with arson. The Rev. Liles, is pastor of the First Baptist church, colored, in Fayetteville. Friday night the parsonage, in which he lives, was burned under suspicious circumstance. These circumstances Commissioners Young has investigated, and he deemed the evidence sufficient to hold the Rev. Liles. He had $300 insurance on his furniture and the church had $125 insurance on the building.

Excursions Yesterday and To-day.

Another large excursion, with probably 300 people, arrived from Clinton yesterday. They reached here at 10 o'clock and went direct to Wrightsville Beach where they spent the day quite pleasantly, leaving for Clinton at 8 o'clock last night. Messrs. D. M. and W. S. Partrick, of Clinton, were the managers.

To-day Messrs. Hatch Bros. will bring an excursion from Spring Hope and Mr. A. T. Evans will bring another from Rowland.

At New Ocean View Hotel.

The Second Regiment Band gave a superb concert at the New Ocean View Hotel last night from 8.45 until 10 o'clock. A large number of people went down from the city on the 7.15 train to take supper at the hotel and hear the concert. Mrs. Mayo is crowded with guests and all are heartily commending the service, which they are enjoying.

DIED.

VAN AMRINGE—In this city, Wednesday morning at 3 o'clock, FANNIE WALLACE VAN AMRINGE, relict of the late Stacy Van Amringe.

Funeral from residence, 608 Orange street, to-morrow (Friday) afternoon at 4.30 o'clock. *

The Temperature.

The Weather Bureau has sent out the following records of maximum temperature at the different observatories in the Wilmington district for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 o'clock yesterday morning: Wilmington, 86; Charlotte, 96; Cheraw, 100; Florence, 96; Goldsboro, 93; Greensboro, 93; Lumberton, 92; Newbern, 88; Weldon, 90.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

NOTICE.

To the Friends and Patrons of Platt Bros.:

Business will be carried on as usual at the old stand, 25 South Front street. Soliciting your patronage for the future, I remain

Respectfully, yours,
T. H. PLATT.
aug 24 tf

Odd Fellows' Excursion to Carolina Beach

On steamer Wilmington, Friday, 25th. Children from Home will go down on 3 o'clock boat.

MARCUS W. JACOBI, Chairman,
E. F. JOHNSON, Secretary,
aug 24 1t Joint Committee.

FOR RENT from October 1st, that very desirable store

Now occupied by The Fishblate Clothing Company. Apply to

DONALD MACRAE,
jy 23 tf tu th Bell 'Phone 347

At The Unlucky.
SPEAKING of Tea.

I am selling a blended Tea for that beats the world and cannot be replaced for 40c. **35c**

Try it.

Don't you love Stuffed Mango Pickles? We have them, and my, don't they taste good.

A rasher of Bacon, cut from one of our delicious "Harvey" Strips, will make your mouth water. So crisp and delicate.

My 'Phones are 109.

S. W. SANDERS.
jy 18 tf

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,

6 and 9.15 A. M., 3, 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M.; 1, 3.45, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays.

Fare to pier and return on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.

Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12.30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.

FOR SOUTHPORT,

boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.

Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.

J. W. HARPER,
Manager.
je 6 tf

WIRE NAILS.

300 KEGS WIRE NAILS, all sizes.
1,200 KEGS STEEL CUT NAILS.
25 BOXES TOWEL SOAP.
50,000 CROSS CUT CIGARETTES.
10,000 RAIG CELEBRATED CIGARS.
150 BBLS PACKET SALT.
60 BOXES AXLE GREASE.
150 BAGS COFFEE.
1,800 ROLLS BAGGING.
3,800 BUNDLES TIES.
25 BBLS RICE—BARGAINS.
1,000 MACHINE CASKS.

And car-loads of other Groceries. Get my prices.

D. L. GORE,
WHOLESALE GROCER,
aug 24 tf Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10.10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M. train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

aug 1 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

We Offer
Bagging and Ties, Groceries and Provisions

TO THE TRADE

AT CLOSE FIGURES.

Correspondence invited.

HALL & PEARSALL,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
jy 27 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets

NEW MULLETS.

2000 pounds New Mullets.
1500 bushels N. C. R. P. Oats.
110 Picnic Cheese.
1400 bushels Va. Meal.
1200 bushels Prime Corn.
1000 bushels Peanuts.
150 cases Oysters.
175 cases Sardines.
123 boxes Candy.
73 pails Fancy Candy.
28 cases Potted Ham.
120 boxes Meat.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
aug 11 tf Wilmington, N. C.

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,
North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE
FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.
se 1 tf

When Your Groceries Are Delivered

you will always find them to be just as ordered and "straight goods" right through. If you send your order by either telephone or mail it will be filled just as satisfactorily, and of good weight, the same as if you ordered in person. Our line of Delicacies, Fancy Groceries, Vegetables, etc., is beyond competition in Wilmington for either quality or price.

THE KING GROCERY CO.,
B. F. KING, Manager.
'Phone 337. Fourth Street Bridge.
aug 24 tf

Brown Cotton Gins,

BOSS COTTON PRESSES,
RUBBER BELTING,
LACE LEATHER,
GIN BLOCKS AND ROPES.

Don't delay your orders for these goods.
You will be disappointed in getting them on time.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
General Agents,
Purcell building, Wilmington N. C.
jy 30 tf

THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS at about COST.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES NECKWEAR. FURNISHING GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

OUR LINES OF HALF HOSE ARE "CATCHY." NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, LAUNDERED SHIRTS, COLLARS, CUFFS, HANDKERCHIEFS, ETC., ETC.

M. H. CURRAN,
aug 23 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

Our Buyers will Soon leave

For the Northern markets, and in order to reduce our stock, before the arrival of our new **Fall and Winter Goods,** we will offer all those who wish to spend their Cash with us during the remainder of this month, special inducements in the way of prices and discounts.

NEW CARPETS ARRIVING DAILY,

and if you contemplate buying new ones, do not fail to see them during the NEXT TEN DAYS.

The C. W. Polvogt Co

Sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns. aug 20 tf

TO THE BEACHERS.

It will save you time and money to ascertain before you move up where to get your Winter furnishings. In order to point out the place, I will from Tuesday, August 22nd to August 26th inclusive, sell at actual cost for cash, the finest line of Porch, Bed Room, Sitting Room and Parlor Rockers ever shown in North Carolina, and store them in my warerooms, subject to your order till October 15.

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties, No. 17 South Front street. aug 22 tf

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SNEED CO.

Beg leave to announce to the public that they have this day admitted into the firm of The Sneed Co. Mr. E. W. Fuller as a co-partner. Thanking the public for the liberal patronage given the old firm of The Sneed Co., we hope to merit a larger share of patronage under the style of the new firm, because our advantages for meeting the necessities and demands of the public will be greatly increased. All indebtedness of The Sneed Co. will be paid by the new firm. The Sneed-Fuller Co., and all accounts due the old firm will be collected by the new firm.

THE SNEED-FULLER CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug 19, 1899. aug 22 3t

Bagging and Ties,

Crackers and Cheese,
Sugar,
Flour,
Meat,
Molasses, Meal.

BEST GRADE, LOWEST PRICE.

THE WORTH CO.
aug 23 tf

BAGGING AND TIES.

500 ROLLS BAGGING.
600 BUNDLES TIES.
1500 LBS FRESH MULLETS.
1800 BUSHELS PURE VA. WATER GROUND MEAL.
100 SACKS GRITS.
300 BBLS RED SEAL FLOUR HALF PATENT.
200 BBLS FULL PATENT.
50 BOXES CANDY.
40 PAILS MIXED CANDY.
10 BBLS STICK CANDY.
200 BOXES FRESH CAKES.
100 CASES STAR LYE.
100 CASES TOMSON LYE.
200 CASES MENDLESON LYE.

WESCOTT & STONE,
Wholesale Grocers.
aug 13 tf

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,

PROVISIONS

Wholesale only. Do not sell consumers or farmers.

We are the people. We undersell competition and guarantee satisfaction. Get our prices and save yourself money.

We Sell D. S. Rib Sides.
D. S. Rib Bellies.
D. S. Backs and Butts.
Smoked Bellies.
Smoked Picnic Hams.
Pure Leaf Lard &c.

We are distributors for Powell, Smith & Co.'s celebrated brands of Cigars.

Cuban Blossom Cigars,
Renown Cigars,
Topical Twist Head Cigars,
Santa Bana Cigars.
aug 13 tf

Get Coupons and Begin Now.
A Useful Household Present
For You!
Look in our Window.

Same place—115 Princess Street.
P. S.—
WE SELL SHOES.
MERCER & EVANS.
aug 6 tf

--SCOTLAND HOTEL--

LOCATED IN GIBSON, IN THE NEW COUNTY OF SCOTLAND.

On Railroad street, convenient to both railroads.

LARGE, AIRY AND WELL FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates, $2.00 per day. Reduction for periods of one week or longer.

Mrs. IRVING ROBINSON,
Proprietress,
aug 17 tf D&W GIBSON, N. C.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $80.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON. N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 24.

EXTRAORDINARY ACTIVITY IN IRON AND STEEL.

The great demand for iron and steel in this country and throughout the world is unprecedented. We have had extraordinary periods of activity in railroad building, which created a demand for an immense amount of iron and steel, but nothing in comparison with what we witness now. Notwithstanding the fact that the output of our mines and furnaces is larger than it ever was before, there is practically an iron and steel famine, and steel manufacturers complain that the furnaces are away behind on their deliveries to them. Speaking of this a Pittsburg letter to the *Iron Trade Review* says:

"The entire inadequacy of furnaces to supply sufficient Bessemer pig iron for steel making requirements is being further emphasized, and has lent additional strength to the market in the past week. It is really difficult to say what would be the condition of the general iron and steel market were a sufficiency of pig iron of all grades to be had. It is quite possible that such a supply would decidedly change the complexion of the finished material market. While this may be the case, it does not affect the strength of the market, because of all iron and steel operations that of making pig iron has been shown to be the least flexible."

The question is whether this is only a temporary condition which will soon be over or whether it is to continue for some years. The impression among the trade journals is that the extraordinary demand for iron and steel has come to stay for two or three years at least. The indications point that way. As an index of this the *Iron Age* says:

"It is certain that in certain lines (notably in pig iron) the engagements for 1900 have already been heavy. One Southern interest is reported to have over 150,000 tons on its books, while a large interest controlling a very important industry has orders for over 200,000 tons of material secured. It must not be forgotten, either, that a good deal of tonnage which cannot be delivered in time will have to be carried into next year. In steel rails alone this is variously estimated at from 400,000 to 500,000 tons."

This gives some idea of the demands upon the farmers and upon the rolling mills. The presumption is that the Carnegie Company keeps a pretty close eye on the market and the present and prospective output, and it seems to be of the opinion of that firm that the demand will increase rather than decrease and that prices will go up instead of down which is indicated by the following from an editorial in the New York *Journal of Commerce* discussing the situation:

"It was learned yesterday, on apparently unquestionable authority, that the Carnegie Steel Company had placed a contract with a shipbuilding concern on the Lakes to furnish beams and plates throughout 1900 and 1901 at current high prices. Furthermore, it was stated that the purchasers wished to contract for their supply in 1902 at the same figures, but the Carnegie Company declined the contract. It is further said that the Carnegie Company has booked orders already for all the beams and plates it can turn out up to February, 1900."

This unusual demand is due not only to the largely increased demand for home consumption but to the phenomenal exports of iron and steel, the whole world thus drawing upon and taxing the capacity of our mines and furnaces. The iron and steel makers of this country have entered the field as competitors of the iron and steel men of the world and with such success as to secure contracts with foreign countries for immense deliveries of steel rails, steel bridges, wire fencing, hoop iron and numerous other articles which a few years ago we did not export at all, or if so in very small quantities. We are now furnishing steel rails by the ship loads to Russian and African railways, are building steel railway bridges in Sibera, Japan and Africa, and quite recently an American hoop iron maker made a contract for five tons to be delivered in South Africa at $10 a ton less than the parties with whom he contracted had shortly before that agreed to pay an English firm for the same kind of goods. When the buyer in Africa stated this fact the English firm contended that is was impossible to furnish a good article at the American price, but when the cargoes arrived the American iron was pronounced not only as good but better than the English iron. Of the more than 7,000 tons of wire fencing used in that country the United States furnished nearly all. These are facts which show how American iron and steel are forging their way into other countries, and will help to account for the phenomenal activity in the iron and steel industries in this country.

But in addition to this there is an extraordinary home demand as shown by the activity in railway building and the orders for additional equipment by some of the roads now in operation, some of which are thus noted by the *Railway Age*:

"Michigan Central has received bids on 5000 cars. Atchison will build at its own shops 600 box cars. Erie has placed an order with the Pressed Steel Car Company for 1,000 steel cars. It is reported that Chicago & Northwestern has ordered 2500 freight cars from the Haskel & Barber Company. Indiana, Illinois & Iowa has ordered from American Car and foundry capacity, and eight caboose and five passenger cars. The road will also place an order for 100 box cars of 80,000 pounds capacity."

Commenting upon this and the situation and the outlook generally, the Philadelphia *Record*, published in a great iron and steel center and in close touch with the iron steel industries, says:

"Following this comes a long list of new locomotives ordered for a number of different roads. The pressure of work is is now so great in some establishments it this city that the almost unheard of of experiment of night work is being tried in the foundry of a large machine and tool works. Night work is common enough in busy times in machine shops, and most of these places have been and still are in full blast all night, as the brilliant illumination shows. As a rule, however, the foundries are always dark, being allowed to cool off after the puring of the molten metal, which is usually done late in the day. There is no question, in view of the present condition of affairs, that in the absence of any serious disturbing element, the year 1900 will be one of phenomenal activity and prosperity in all branches of iron manufacturing."

We are interested in this because if this demand for iron and steel continues the iron producing States of the South must be largely benefitted by it, especially in view of the fact that iron can be mined, and delivered from Southern furnaces cheaper than from any other furnaces in the country. It should and doubtless will turn the attention of capitalists in this direction, and result in a great stimulus not only to increased production of ore and pig iron but to an increase in the number of plants and the enlargement of those now in operation. The greater the activity and demand the sooner the South will become the iron center she is destined to become.

THE NEGRO IN THE SOUTH.

Booker T. Washington, who has recently travelled in Europe and spent some time in France, studying the school systems of that country, says that where the negroes in the South are not worried by mobs their condition is better than that of the laboring classes in France, and he might have truly added better than that of the laboring classes in most European countries. There are few countries in Europe where poor men can become the owners of land, and where they can it is only of small tracts of a few acres. There land is high, and for that reason so many are simply renters, and then the rent is so high that they must be very industrious and farm well to pay the rent and have much left.

In France the farmers can own their farms, but they must be thrifty, which as a rule they are. But those who own farms are few in number to those who do not, but earn their living by their daily toil, which we presume is the class which Prof. Washington refers to.

In the South any industrious negro may become a home owner if he desires, and on terms that with ordinary industry he can easily comply with, and such a negro, who shows a disposition to help himself and attend to his business, keep out of bad company and seek the good will of his white neighbors will always find friends to help him along if he needs help. This has been the experience of thousands of them and would be of more where they showed themselves worthy of it. There is no class of wage earners in the world who have better opportunities for self-betterment than the industrious negroes of the South.

TOM REED RETIRES.

All speculation as to what ex-Speaker Reed would or would not do in the next Congress is set at rest by his resignation, which has been sent to the Governor of his State and accepted. With this incident, as in the case of Secretary Alger, who remarked when he turned over the War Department to his successor, that with that act he became again plain "Mr. Alger," so Hon. T. B. Reed becomes plain Tom Reed, who will, we presume, proceed to transfer his effects and personality to the city of New York, where he will henceforth figure, if he has not already done so. He will be missed from the House, where he was always a picturesque figure, the most admired and the most hated man in it. He will be missed from the political arena, too, where he was always an interesting figure, because bold, able and aggressive, with little of the trimmer or compromiser in him. It is not likely that he will go out of politics altogether for he loves a racket too well for that, and from force of habit if nothing else he will probably take a hand occasionally; but in New York, and as plain Tom Reed, he will not be the looming figure he was as a denizen of Maine and Speaker of the House. As he is not in full accord with his party in all of its present policies, and has rather a small opinion of Mr. McKinley as its figure-head, and a large sized contempt for some of the men who are running the party now, this will make him somewhat cool and make him less inclined to strip for the fray when it comes.

There is one thing about Tom Reed, however, which is to his credit, whatever may be said of him as an unscrupulous partisan, he always had the courage to act, and whether right or wrong, he never played the hypocrite and both friends and enemies knew just where to find him.

MONEY IN POULTRY.

We read much about our great crops of wheat, cotton, corn, their value, &c., and little of the poultry business which amounts to more in dollars than either wheat, cotton, or corn, and it goes right along all the time without much fuss or feathers, although there are lots of feathers in it, nor much cackling, for all the cackling that is done is done at home, and are simply announcements that the egg producers are attending to business. And they turn out in the course of a year work of immense value, as will be seen by the following figures giving the value of various crops for the year 1896:

Earnings of Poultry	$290,000,000
Value of cotton crop	259,164,640
Value of Wheat crop	237,938,998
Value of Swine	186,529,745
Value of oat crop	163,655,068
Value of potato crop	78,898,901
Value of tobacco crop	35,574,220

This is the value in money of the eggs, chickens, ducks, geese, turkeys, &c., marketed, as gathered from reports considered reliable and does not include what was consumed on the farms, which would add very materially to the aggregate.

This industry differs from others in the fact that it is practically a self-running one, requiring no large investment in plants, nor especially skilled labor, and very little money save when the poultry business is pursued as a specialty. But these are very few, scarcely enough to be counted, when we consider the immense volume of this business.

But this aggregate isn't anything to the proportions this industry might attain for there are scores of farmers who never send eggs or poultry to market to the one that does. It is a business that is left principally to the women and children, being regarded as too small for the men to bother with, and yet if the men did bother with it they might get more money out of it than they do out of the crops on which they labor so hard.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The handling of the Carter case is not the kind of thing that makes a modest American feel that he should be too severe on the thing called French justice, and now being exemplified at Rennes.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—— An American bridge company has closed a contract to build a bridge that will be the amazement of Japan. It is to cross a large river, is to be 1,000 feet long and 100 feet high and represents not only the skill of the American builders, but a victory won in open competition with the big bridge-building firms of Europe.—*Chicago News, Dem.*

— The emancipated and enfranchised Afro-American gave the country a specimen of their calibre at Chicago on Saturday by denouncing Mr. Booker T. Washington as "a Traitor" and "a trimmer." Mr. Washington is a remarkably able, wise and intelligent man. It is no praise to him to say that his race has not produced his equal.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Emperor William is said to have told some American ladies, who visited him, that "women have no business to interfere with anything outside of the four k's—kinder, kirche, kuche and kleider" (children, church, cooking and cloths.) There was more wit than courtesy in the remark, but there was also a certain amount of truth in it. The woman who interferes in public affairs is generally found to be lacking in one or more of these objects of feminine attention; but it is also true that intelligent women can give all the necessary attention to matters of public interest without neglecting their other duties, just as intelligent and busy men do.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

— Not Quite Out of Date: "It is deplorable that walking is becoming a lost art." "Lost art? It's a mighty good way of getting home when your bicycle breaks down."—*Chicago Tribune.*

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: Nearly all the banker ponies were drowned in the recent terrible storm on the coast. A gentlemen from Beaufort told us this morning that one man counted fifty two dead ponies within a distance of a few miles.

— Winston *Journal*: About seventy-five negroes, men and women, left on the N. & W. road this morning for Pocahontas, Va. The men will work in the mines and the women will do the cooking. One man's wife wanted to go, while her husband objected, and he took the liberty of pulling her off the train.

— Charlotte *News*; Sunday about noon Jim Byers, colored, shot and killed Fannie Gillespie, colored, near Davidson College. The ball entered the skull and brain above the left eye, a little to the left of the median line, and passed backward and downward, and lodged in the depression for the cerebellum. The course of the bullet was marked by fragments of bone and clotted blood.

— Greensboro *Telegram:* Mr. Bohannon of Hickory is interested with Messrs. Odell, of Concord, and B. N. Duke, of Durham, in the development of the magnificent water power on the Catawba river, two miles from Hickory. This is one of the finest idle water powers in the state. It will ere long be turning the wheels of a large cotton mill and furnishing electricity for Hickory and other near-by towns

— Salisbury *Sun*: There was hail south of town Monday night. Parties from China Grove tell us considerable hail fell in the Harris chapel neighborhood. —— A big blaze at Forest City Thursday night destroyed the machine shops and cotton gin of Mr. John N. Moore's. The origin of the fire is not known, but it is supposed it caught from a spark from the engine room. The loss was $5,000, with no insurance. This was one of the biggest fires ever known in Forest City.

— Raleigh *Post*: Harry Wright, one of the noted criminals who was supposed to have escaped from the penitentiary Monday morning, was discovered Tuesday concealed inside of the penitentiary. Wright was found in the engine-room of the shirt factory. —— On Sunday morning a Christian Endeavor Society was organized at the State prison by Miss Mamie Bays, of Charlotte, who is chairman of the press department of the C. E. State Union. A number of the Raleigh Endeavorers were present also, and the new society begins with a bright outlook. It has a membership of nineteen active and thirty-four associate members. —— Bryant Pope, a white citizen of Mark's Creek township, walked into the sheriff's office Monday morning and surrendered himself, but not until he had defied officers of the law and fired on them with shotguns. If all that is charged against Bryant is true it will be a long time before he enjoys liberty again. One day last week Miss Pope, a young daughter of Bryant's, married a Mr. Smith, who lived just across the river, in Middle Creek township. The bridal couple repaired to the home of the groom after the ceremony. When Bryant Pope, the father of the bride, reached home and learned that his daughter was married, he proceeded to visit his wrath upon his wife. He beat his wife severely and then proceeded at once to the house of the groom. Upon first sight he assaulted Mr. Smith, cutting him badly with a knife. The young man got away and saved himself. The father then took the bride and carried her back to her home. According to her own story her brute father tied her to a tree and cruelly beat her. It is said he struck his wife with a plank. Warrants were sworn out for the arrest of the brutal father and husband. Mr. John Sturdevant, a magistrate of the township, deputized J. D. Honeycutt, Bain and Oneil, of that community to accompany him to Pope's house in order to make the arrest. When Magistrate Sturdevant told Pope the nature of his business, the latter, who was barricaded in his house, opened fire with shotguns upon the officers. The fire was so vigorous and incessant that the officers had to retreat and that at a fast gate. Yesterday Pope came in and surrendered. He is held on a number of charges.

TWINKLINGS.

— "Do you never work?" said Mrs. Subbubs to a tramp who asked for a handout. "Never, mum," was the proud reply. "I am an immune."—*Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.*

— "Do you believe that a thousand years was ever as a day, and a day as a thousand years?" "I believe the latter half all right enough— I've just spent the day at the dentist's."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Misled—"I am frank to say," he said, "that I feel you encouraged my attentions." "Perhaps," she replied, "but how was I to know whether you wanted to marry me or only to borrow money from father?"—*Philadelphia North American.*

— The Great Transgression: "Here is the account of some train robbers being lynched in Missouri." "Must be a fake." "No, somebody had started the report that the gang was incorporated under the laws of New Jersey."—*Detroit Journal.*

— Auf Wiedersehen: After the high church wedding, the fashionable bride and groom shook hands. "Shall we meet again?" she asked, trying to seem interested. "Yes, there's ladies' day at the club, you know," he answered, smiling, for it would be impolite to act bored.—*Detroit Journal.*

— "Who are you?" demanded the hard featured woman who had answered the knock at the kitchen door Tuffold Knutt saw it was of no use, but he was game. "Ma'am," he said thrusting his friend, Badleigh Mildude, forward as he spoke, "I'm the man with the ho-bo." And with exceeding stiffness he turned and walked off the premises.—*New York Weekly.*

— The Confidence of Youth: "And now that you are through college, what are you going to do?" asked a friend of the youthful graduate. "I shall study medicine," was the grave reply of the ambitious young man. "But isn't that profession already overcrowded?" asked the friend. "Possibly it is," answered the knowing youth, "but I propose to study medicine just the same, and those who are already in the profession will have to take their chances."

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Burgaw, Burgaw, August 26-27.
Magnolia, Centenary, September 2-3.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, September 10-11.
Southport, September 17-18.
Whiteville, Terro Gordo, September 28-24.
Waccamaw, Old Dock, September 26.
Brunswick, Zion, September 30-October 1.
Wilmington, Market Street, (at night) Oct. 1.
Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth, Singletaries, October 14-15.

R. F. BUMPASS,
Presiding Elder.

Employment Insurance.

George G. Platt, the San Francisco philanthropist, has formed a company to insure against loss of employment. The policy holder gets three-quarters of his former pay for one month, while looking for new work, and if the new place pays less than the old the company makes up the difference.

CAULIFLOWER CULTURE.

How to Make It Pay—First Sowing of Seed in Hotbed in March.

There is a good profit in growing cauliflowers for market if the conditions are all right, but with the culture often given them, they are not a reliable crop. In growing cauliflowers for sale, the first thing to be considered is a market for these luxuries. The crop is not a staple one, like some which are considered necessaries of life, and you must find people who want them and are able to buy them. In most large villages there is a sufficient number of people who want them to make a market for a few thousand heads. In some seasons, and at some times in the year, there is a good profit in growing them to ship to dealers in the cities, but the most money is made by retailing them in villages where no one is growing them and there is no competition.

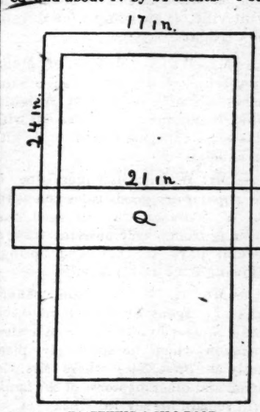
It is not best to economize too much in purchasing seeds. The higher priced strains of white cauliflowers, where the type has become established by careful selection for several years, are more reliable in heading, and the whiter the heads the better they will sell in the market. The large pure white heads with the leaves trimmed nicely around them attract the eye, and people buy them because they "look nice." The Early Snowball is the standard with many people and probably more extensively grown than any other variety and is usually very satisfactory. I make the first sowing of the seed in a hotbed in March. A little later I sow more seeds in a cold frame, and sow at different times in the open ground from April until June. My plan is to have only a small part of the crop mature at one time, for the leaves will soon grow through the heads if they are not marketed at the right time

A deep, moist clay soil is the best for cauliflowers, although good crops can be grown on any good garden soil. I cover the ground two or three inches deep with stable manure and plow it in. Then harrow and furrow two and one-half feet apart. If I have well rotted manure, I scatter it in the furrow and mix it with the soil with the cultivator, or, if the manure is not at hand, I set the plants and in a few days apply around them a little commercial fertilizer that is rich in nitrogen. Vegetables of which the leaves or stalks are the edible parts need plenty of nitrogen in an available form. The plants are transplanted at different times from May until June. Cauliflower plants from the hotbed should not be set too early unless they are well hardened, for they are more easily injured by frosts than cabbage.

In addition to the foregoing suggestions given in Vick's Magazine the writer says that to insure success one must have some means of irrigation. The plants should not stop growing at any time; hence the importance of irrigating them during a drought.

A Silo Door.

A Rural New Yorker correspondent offers what he evidently finds a pretty good plan for a silo door: Ours is beveled and about 17 by 24 inches. I bored



FASTENING A SILO DOOR.

a 5-16 inch hole in the center, drove a three-eighths of an inch bolt from inside, put a 5 by 21 inch hard wood strip bored in the center, on the bolt, then put on nut. When the door is being placed, let the strip be lengthwise of the door; then, when placed crosswise, screw up the nut. No injury will result to the door from nailing, and no injury to the cows from nails dropped in the ensilage.

Shallow Covering of Manure.

Farmyard manure should be kept as near the surface of the soil as possible. The rainwater as it percolates through the soil has a tendency to carry the soluble plant food downward and out of the reach of plants. Consequently an attempt should be made to delay the downward progress of plant food instead of assisting it by plowing the manure in deeply. Then again, nitrification is most active near the surface of the soil. Therefore, manure kept near the surface is under more favorable conditions for having its plant food made available and consequently gives quicker returns.

When a heavy application of manure has been plowed under deeply, it is no uncommon thing to see lumps of manure brought to the surface by subsequent plowing, showing that it had never become properly incorporated with the soil. It is quite probable, too, that this deeply buried manure has lost considerable nitrogen through denitrification. Economical manuring consists in obtaining quick returns over as large an area of the farm as possible, and this is accomplished by moderate applications incorporated with the surface soil. Shallow covering of manure also increases the humus of the surface soil. As a result, the soil does not bake and crack in dry weather. It absorbs and retains water much more satisfactorily and works up into a fine tilth more easily.—New England Homestead.

Domestic Thrills.

"Have you ever experienced the excitement of being aroused from sleep in a house at night when it was on fire?"

"No, but I have several times gone through the excitement attendant upon my wife's announcement of her belief that the baby had swallowed her thimble."—Chicago News.

Disputation.

Hicks—There's one thing you can say about Cronklin. He never has any views of his own, and therefore no pride of opinion.

Wicks—He doesn't need to have any opinion of his own. It takes him all his time to pitch into other folks' opinions.—Boston Transcript.

His Way of Putting It.

"What we want to do," said a member of a self constitnted legislative body in far seas, "is to establish a board of public works."

"That's right," responded the colleague. "I have never thought we have been working the public as thoroughly as we might."—Washington Star.

Unfortunate.

"Why does Bunts go around with his hair pulled down over his forehead and his shoulders all hunched up? It makes him look like a monkey."

"I know it. Some one who had a grudge against him once told him that he looked like Napoleon, and he believed it."—Answers.

SELECTIONS

A RUSH TO VICTORY.

Colonel Roosevelt Tells of His Order to Charge Up Kettle Hill.

I spoke to the captain in command of the rear platoons, saying that I had been ordered to support the regulars in the attack upon the hills and that in my judgment we could not take these hills by firing at them and that we must rush them. He answered that his orders were to keep his men lying where they were and that he could not charge without orders. I asked where the colonel was, and as he was not in sight said, "Then I am the ranking officer here, and I give the order to charge"—for I did not want to keep the men longer in the open, suffering under a fire which they could not effectively return.

Naturally the captain hesitated to obey this order when no word had been received from his own colonel. So I said, "Then let my men through, sir," and rode on through the lines, followed by the grinning rough riders, whose attention had been wholly taken off the Spanish bullets, partly by my dialogue with the regulars and partly by the language I had been using to themselves as I got the lines forward, for I had been joking with some and swearing at others, as the exigencies of the case seemed to demand.

When we started to go through, however, it proved too much for the regulars, and they jumped up and came along, their officers and troops mingling with mine, all being delighted at the chance. When I got to where the head of the left wing of the Ninth was lying, through the courtesy of Lieutenant Hartwick, two of whose colored troopers threw down the fence, I was enabled to get back into the lane, at the same time waving my hat and giving the order to charge the hill on our right front.

Out of my sight, over on the right, Captains McBlain and Taylor of the Ninth made up their minds independently to charge at just about this time, and at almost the same moment Colonels Carroll and Hamilton, who were off, I believe, to my left, where we could see neither them nor their men, gave the order to advance. But of all this I knew nothing at the time. The whole line, tired of waiting and eager to close with the enemy, was straining to go forward, and it seems that different parts slipped the leash at almost the same moment.—"The Rough Riders," by Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, in Scribner's.

Sixteen Scorpion Bites.

Winfield S. Keyes, a son of the late General Keyes, and a mining engineer of San Francisco, has just recovered from a peculiar case of poisoning. Several weeks ago he was in Mexico examining some mining properties. The day before he was ready to return to San Francisco he was bitten 16 times on the right leg between the knee and the ankle. He was not long in ascertaining that he had been bitten by an unusually large scorpion. The bites were little red spots at first, but they grew in size and increased in pain while he was hurriedly en route to San Francisco for treatment. When he arrived, his leg was fearfully swollen. The bites had become large red and yellow boils, and the pain was almost unbearable. The physicians said that if proper treatment had been delayed a day longer he would never have recovered. As it was, they had a very hard time bringing him through.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	7
Standard		@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5¾@		6
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 25
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½@		11½
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	10	@	12½
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	9	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	18
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	@	53½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	52
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	2¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	6½@		7
North Carolina	7	@	8
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	23 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	35
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
Sacks		@	57½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5¾@		6¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow	5	@	5
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmo		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6-24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5-24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6-24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	00
WOOL per ℔—Unwashed	15	@	17

GOLD DUST
THE BEST Washing Powder

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 23.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at 46¾ cents per gallon for machine made casks and 46¼ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per bbl for strained and 95c for good strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.65 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at —— per barrel for hard, $2.70 for Dip and $2.70 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½@26c; rosin firm at $1.00@1.05; tar firm at $1.20; crude turpentine steady at $1.10 @1.60.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	147
Rosin	400
Tar	373
Crude Turpentine	76

Receipts same day last year.—74 casks spirits turpentine, 630 bbls rosin, 139 bbls tar, 14 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 5⅞ cts per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 7-16 cts ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4 13-16 " "
Low Middling	5 7-16 " "
Middling	5⅞ " "
Good Middling	6¼ " "

Same day last year middling 5½c.

Receipts—7 bales; same day last year, 1.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Extra prime, $1.00 to $1.10 per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, $1.10 to $1.12½. Virginia—Extra prime, 75 to 80c; fancy, 95c.

CORN—Firm: 52 to 52½ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00; seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent., last loan being at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4¼@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm; actual business in bankers' bills at 486¼@486¾ for demand and 483¼@483½ for sixty days. Posted rates were 484 and 487½. Commercial bills 482. Silver certificates 60@60¾. Bar silver 59 13 16. Mexican dollars 47⅞. Government bonds weak. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds were quoted strong. U. S. 2's, registered, 100½; U. S. 3's, registered, 108½; do. coupon, 108½; U.S. new 4's, regist'd, 130¾; do. coupon, 130¾; U. S. old 4's, regist'd, 112½; do. coupon, 113; U. S. 5's, registered, 111½; do. coupon, 111⅝; N. C. 6's 128; do. 4's, 104; Southern Railway 5's 110¼. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 56½; Chesapeake & Ohio 28¾; Manhattan L 113; N. Y. Central 138¾; Reading 22¾; do. 1st preferred 62½; St. Paul 133⅞; do. preferred 174½; Southern Railway 12⅝; do. preferred 54½; American Tobacco, 129¾; do. preferred 145½; People's Gas 119¾; Sugar 156½; do. preferred 119½; T. C. & Iron 97; U. S. Leather 10¾; do. preferred 76½; Western Union 89.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Rosin steady. Spirits turpentine quiet at 50 @50½c

CHARLESTON, August 23.—Spirits turpentine firm at 46c; sales 100 casks. Rosin firm; sales 200 barrels; B, C, D, 90c; E, 95c; F, $1 00; G, $1 05; H, $1 15; I $1 25; K, $1 30; M, $1 60; N, $2 10; W G, $2

BUSINESS LOCALS

IN "THE MORNING STAR"

COST BUT A CENT A WORD.

NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?

WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement.
The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80 acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

In Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting rail road, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

je 7

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

SELECTIONS

THE MADSTONE.

A Country Justice Made a Good Income Out of One.

"I see that a madstone has just been sold for $700 at London, Va.," said a newspaper man of New Orleans. "There are several madstones in the state, each claiming to be the 'only original' and back in the summer of 1892 I chanced to have an opportunity of seeing one of them in actual service. It was at a little country settlement on the Blue Ridge, almost due south of Roanoke, and the stone was owned by the village justice of the peace. It seemed that a dog, supposed to be mad, had bitten several people on a nearby farm, and they came to be 'treated.' I was at Roanoke at the time and drove down to witness the operation.

"When I arrived, the patients were assembled in a little shanty which the justice used as an office, and presently the mystic stone itself was produced from a primitive wooden casket. It was an oblong fragment of some fine grained greenish substance that looked very like everyday marble and was about 1½ inches long by half an inch across. The underside was smooth and slightly concave. The first to test its virtues was a brawny young farmer, who had been bitten on the forearm, midway between the wrist and elbow. He rolled up his sleeve, exhibiting a slight laceration closed with coagulated blood, and the justice, who was an impressive, patriarchal old chap, proceeded to wash the spot very thoroughly with warm water.

"After scrubbing the skin until it was almost raw he clapped on the stone, smooth side down, and pressed hard. Naturally the concavity created a vacuum, and it adhered, on exactly the same principle as the leather 'suckers' made by schoolboys, but the spectacle was hailed as a miracle by the simple minded rustics. 'Hit'll stick thar till hit gits full of pizen,' said the justice sagely, 'and then drap off.' 'I kin feel hit a-drawin,' declared the patient excitedly, and no doubt he could. Gradually the suction weakened and the stone dropped off.

"It was placed immediately in a basin of hot water and allowed to soak for a few minutes to wash out the 'pizen.' Then it was reapplied five or six times in succession. I noticed the cunning owner pressed it lighter each time and at the last application it refused to stick. 'Hit's all out!' said the old chap blandly, and turned to the next victim. The solemn farce was repeated with each of five people, and they went away firmly convinced that they were saved. As far as I could learn none afterward had hydrophobia, but there was absolutely no evidence that the dog was mad, and as it was foolishly killed nobody could be certain. The patients were charged $5 apiece, and I was told that the old man made a tidy thing out of his practice. The stone was supposed to be also efficacious in snake bites, and when the victim happened to die it was always attributed to unavoidable conditions 'didn't come soon enough,' or 'the pizen had teched the heart,' were the usual excuses. I examined the madstone closely and am convinced it was a piece of ordinary marble, with a greenish stain attributable to copper."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

He Carries a Gun.

Ever since the assassination of Czar Alexander II the young emperor of Russia, it is said, has carried about with him a small revolver which was given to him by his mother, the dowager empress of Russia, who exacted the promise that whenever he was away from the royal palace he would carry it with him. Since he has been traveling in Europe the emperor has kept the revolver ever by his bedside, the idea haunting him, as it haunted his mother and still haunts his young wife, that whenever the fated assassin appears (as appear he will, they all firmly believe) he will be as swift and as determined as was the "patriot" who blew up his grandfather, surrounded as he was by his trusty guards and hundreds of police. When driving, the emperor has his revolver, always loaded in its six chambers, in a pocket of his carriage, just near his right hand.

A Chance to Find Out.

"Pa, what's a rebuff?"

"You watch ma the next time I come home late for dinner and try to say something that will tickle her. Then you'll see what a rebuff is."—New York World.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

Few athletic associations enjoy the privileges accorded the members of the New York Athletic club, says The Commercial Advertiser of that city. The new clubhouse, at Fifty-ninth street and Sixth avenue, is conceded to be the handsomest building of its kind in the United States. Within its walls are to be found every conceivable convenience for the athlete and most of the luxuries for the enjoyment of indoor sports. Water polo and other aquatic sports have always had a warm spot in the affections of the members, who now enjoy them in one of the finest swimming pools in the country. Every modern contrivance necessary is to be found in the gymnasium. The fencing and boxing rooms, bowling alleys, and, in fact, all the departments of the club

NEW YORK ATHLETIC CLUB HOUSE.

include the up to date essentials, while the drawing rooms, library and dining room are commodious and magnificently furnished and decorated. In addition to the Fifty-ninth street clubhouse the members have a fine summer home at Travers island, where the spring and fall games always take precedence as among the most notable events in the athletic world in this vicinity. Many track and field records have been broken on these grounds, and there it was that Wefers and other noted athletes have accomplished their best efforts. The members are able to enjoy the best sort of bathing, boating, and there is also some good salt water fishing to be had near by. There is great activity among the members just now, and the coming year promises to be one of the most successful in the history of the organization.

Profits of Pugilism.

It is said that in the brief time that Tom Sharkey has been engaged in pugilism he has accumulated $70,000, says the New York Sun. Prior to his first work as a public fighter Sharkey was economizing on wages of about $18 a month. The habits of thrift that he acquired then are still with him, and if the Irishman can go on winning as he has been doing in the last three years he will probably become the wealthiest pugilist in the world. The fact that Sharkey is a saving fellow does not please the representatives of the "fancy," who believe that all fighters should live up—or rather down—to the habits of John L. Sullivan. Sharkey cares very little for strong drink, and he does not like to be idle. He appears to enjoy training, for he is desperately anxious to make money, and does not hesitate to go to any personal inconvenience to get it. Sharkey has often been called a lucky fighter, and he has undoubtedly been fortunate in the choice of managers. A wily manager goes a long way toward winning a battle. By Lynch and O'Rourke Sharkey has been well coached in all the fine points of the alleged art of self defense. When Sharkey and Fitz enter the ring, it is quite likely that the former will have a bit the better of the matchmaking.

Rough on the Thief.

A Parisian cyclist recently got the better of a thief in a very ingenious fashion. Laying down his machine outside a cafe in such a position that he could just see a tiny portion of the wheel, he sat down inside and awaited events. The expected soon happened. One of the fraternity coming along caught sight of the bicycle apparently unprotected and cast covetous eyes upon it. Not content with this he collared the machine, and jumping on pedaled away for dear life, but not very far. Before he had gone 30 yards the would be thief threw himself off the wheel shrieking in agony. The cyclist's little trick was to place a sharpened piece of steel just below the ventilating aperture of the saddle, with a spring and hinge attached to it. When he left the machine at the door, he simply raised the point vertically, so that as soon as the thief began to pedal over the pavement the point entered the fleshy part of the body.

New Bicycle Bell.

A cycling firm in Cologne has patented a new bicycle bell, in which is concealed a kind of revolver which is to serve the double purpose of frightening away vicious dogs and cheeky tramps. By merely pressing a button attached to the side of the bell ten cartridges can be fired off in succession, these giving such a loud report that obnoxious persons and animals would not think twice of beating a hasty retreat.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Two Out of Three Heats.

In announcing its programme for the trotting and pacing season of 1899 the Louisville (Ky.) Driving and Fair association has inaugurated a radical and long needed reform. The ancient best three in five system has been dropped entirely, and hereafter it will require only two winning heats to capture any stake or purse at Louisville.

Gomez's Curious Head.

In Collier's Weekly, Frederic Remington gives his impression of the leader of the Cuban army as follows: "Gomez has a curious head—a very interesting head. It is fierce and warlike, brown and mustached and goateed and altogether Spanish-American, which does not mean 'white man.' His profile is a triangle, with the jaw as the base. From his looks I should say his was not a great brain. So far as we know, he is a man of one idea, which happens in his case to be a very good one, and there is the force in the base of that triangle which has carried that one idea as far as the blood and iron and horseflesh of Cuba could carry it."

Fate of Finland.

It is a pity that Finland must lose its autonomy and be merged into the mass of Russia. But it is only what was to be expected from the moment that beautiful province was torn from Sweden and given to the czar. And the fact that it had a higher civilization than the rest of Russia only made its fate the more certain.—New York Tribune.

"A Blow at the "Growler."

The latest German scientific invention reported is a "beer tabloid." The beverage is reduced to a powder, the addition of water to which, by the generation of carbonic acid gas, makes a foaming tankard, as good as if freshly drawn from the barrel. Many pints can thus be carried in the waistcoat pocket.

An Author in Embryo.

The teacher of a school in the rural districts assigned each pupil the task of writing an original story.

On the day when the stories were read a bright little towhead arose and started in as follows:

"On the green slope of a mountain stood a first class Jersey cow with three legs."

"That won't do, Johnnie," interrupted the teacher. "You are one leg short."

"No, I ain't," replied the future author. "You don't wait to git my plot, which is that a railroad train cut off one leg and the owner of the cow got $3,000 damages and moved his whole family to Paris in time for the exposition, where the girls will be married to rich Frenchmen an died happy ever afterwards!"—Atlanta Constitution.

"Happy Days Gone By."

Weary—Yes, ma'am, I've seen better days.

Mrs. Kindheart—Indeed, my poor man?

Weary—Sure! Dis route use ter be good fer pie an fried chicken two years ago. Now I'm lucky ter git anyt'ing!—New York Journal.

The Retort Courteous.

The old sexton of a certain English country parish church, who did a little as a monumental mason as well, was once found at work by the local doctor. Noting some furious mistakes in spelling, the doctor twitted him therewith.

"Cover it over, doctor — cover it over," answered the clerk. "I've covered over many blots of yours."—Short Stories.

Wives, Beware!

An expectant mother had better not take anything at all than those positively dangerous mixtures so widely advertised to relieve her discomfort and nausea. She ought to know that *outside* external treatment is the only way that can possibly be of any benefit. She ought to know that ***Mother's Friend*** is the only remedy that will help her, and it is an external liniment. It takes her through the entire period in comparative comfort, shortens labor, and childbirth is no longer to be dreaded. More than that, it preserves her girlish shape after the ordeal, and her little one will come into the world perfect in form and health.

Get Mother's Friend at the drug stores for $1 a bottle, or send to

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

Write for our free book, "Before Baby is Born," finely illustrated. For married women only.

BLOOD TELLS.

Yes, it is the index to health. If you have bad blood you are likely to learn that from its Rheumatism, one of the most horrible diseases to which mankind is heir. If this disease has just begun its work, or if you have been afflicted for years you should at once take the wonderful new cure,

RHEUMACIDE.

Thousands have been cured. The Summer season is the best time to take a rheumatic remedy. Nature will then aid the medicine in effecting a permanent, constitutional cure. People with bad blood are subject to catarrh, indigestion, and many other diseases. To be healthy the blood must be pure. RHEUMACIDE is the Prince of blood purifiers.

Sold by Druggists.

Price $1.

At Wholesale and Retail in Wilmington by R. R. BELLAMY.
je 25 1y tu th sa

Mortgage Sale.

NORTH CAROLINA,
NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

By virtue of the provisions of a certain deed of mortgage made and executed by Prince C. Nixon and Gracie Ann Nixon to the Trustees of the Cape Fear Fire Engine Company No. 3 of the City of Wilmington, duly recorded in book 12, pages 637 et seq. of the records of New Hanover county, which was for value assigned to the undersigned on the 8th day of January, 1899, the undersigned assignee of said mortgage, will expose for sale on Friday the 8th day of September, 1899, at the Court House door of the county of New Hanover, in Wilmington, at 12 o'clock M., for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described property in said deed of mortgage.

1st Lot. Beginning at a point in the eastern line of 12th street 132 feet south from its intersection with the southern line of Wooster street and running thence southwardly along the said western line of 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet, thence north and parallel with 12th street 66 feet, thence east and parallel with Wooster street 165 feet to the beginning, being part of Lot 3, Block 56.

2nd Lot. Beginning at the southeastern intersection of 14th and Chesnut streets, and running thence east along the southern line of Chesnut street 165 feet, thence south parallel with 14th street 66 feet, thence west parallel with Chesnut street 165 feet to the eastern line of 14th street, and thence north along said line of said street 66 feet to the beginning.

Dated this 5th day of August, 1899.

CHARITY HENRY.
By John D. Bellamy, Attorney. au 8 30t

For This Week's Trade.

FANCY SOFT PEACHES.
DELAWARE AND NIAGARA GRAPES.
FLORIDA PINEAPPLES.
MOUNT AIRY APPLES.
EVERYTHING IN FRUIT.

-- CANDIES --

FANCY CHOCOLATE

20c to 40c per lb.

Fresh Candy manufactured daily—15c to 20c.
'PHONE YOUR ORDERS
FOR ICE CREAM.

JNO. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
Next to southeast corner Second and Princess streets. Inter-State 'Phone 133. aug 20 tf

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BATHING CAPS.

Fresh Stock.

JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
je 20 tf Wilmington, N. C

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:05 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:35 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:18 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 88—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:52 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:21 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 9:22 A. M., Shelby 10:10 A. M., Rutherfordton 11:25 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:55 P. M. Arrives Shelby 6:05 P. M., Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to
THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
8 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
8 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 26 p m
8 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	2 44 p m
12 18 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 64.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 65.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46		No. 47.

South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

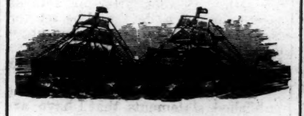
Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt. mar 28 tf

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.
Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Aug. 5
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Aug. 12

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA.....Saturday, Aug. 5
NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Aug. 12

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA .....Tuesday, Aug. 1
NEW YORK.....Tuesday, Aug. 8

Steamer Oneida does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. aug 1 tf

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1831 *Sixty-Ninth Year.* 1899

THE

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The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper

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All Country Residents

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Single Subscription, $2;
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SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.
Write for Particulars on this Point.

Free Till January 1 to New Subscribers for 1899.

It will be seen that the difference between the cost of the COUNTRY GENTLEMAN and that of other agricultural weeklies (none of which even attempts to cover the agricultural *news* of the day) may readily be reduced, by making up a small Club, to

Less Than a Cent a Week!

Does such a difference as that justify you in contenting yourself with some other paper instead of having the best?

SEND FOR SPECIMEN COPIES.

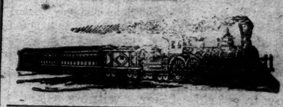
Which will be mailed Free, and compare them with any other rural weekly; it will not take long to see the difference. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,
Albany, N. Y.
oc 21 tf

Our New Quarters.

Being now comfortably fixed in our new location, No. 7 South Front street, we are prepared to do all work in our line in a satisfactory manner. Our Barber Shop is first-class in every respect. ED. GUION,
jy 26 tf CORNELIUS DAVIS.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect July 31, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.45 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11 23 A. M., Goldsboro 12.20 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.58 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.39 P. M., Petersburg 5.31 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.46 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.33 A. M., Washington 7 01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.37 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.15 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 4.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.55 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9 53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4 40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 6.08 P. M. Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 5.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.03 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.30 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.52 A. M.; 5.35 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.56 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.18 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.36 A. M.; 5.55 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Antrim 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 3.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 9.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.30 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M. Darlington 6.50 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.57 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.09 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 1.08 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M. Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 6.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.52 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.39 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.03 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 8.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 12.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 2.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
jy 30 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 9.

To Take Effect Tuesday, Aug. 8, 1899, at 9 A. M.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.
2 Pass'g'r Trains		STATIONS.	4 Pass'g'r Trains
Arrive	Leave		Arrive / Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M. / A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05 / .....
.....	4 22	Kinston.....	10 13 / .....
5 40	5 50	Newbern.....	9 37 / 9 00
7 02	7 07	Morehead City.	7 22 / 7 27
P. M.	P. M.		A. M. / A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 24.

FLORIDA WHITECAP OUTRAGE

Assault on the Postmaster at Peck Will Probably Lead to Discontinuance of the Office.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 23.—The assault of the whitecappers at Peck, Fla., on the postmaster there, probably, will result in the discontinuance of the postoffice. Postmaster Crum and National Committeeman Long have both advised it and Crum in a letter in which he says he accepted the office because no one else there could qualify for it and that those making the trouble rarely use the mails, has asked to be relieved immediately. Postmaster Crum says the stamp cancellations on which the salary is based amounted to $2.77 last month and twenty cents for the first five days this month. He has never spent one continuous day at the office, he says, as he lives at Tampa and has employed assistants.

Postmaster-General Smith to-day ordered a postoffice inspector detailed from the Chattanooga headquarters to proceed immediately to Peck, to investigate and report the situation. He said if the account of the whitecapping as published is confirmed he will take prompt and decisive action. This means discontinuing the postoffice.

TEXAS COTTON CROP

Severely Damaged by Winds—Will Not Average More Than a Quarter of a Bale to the Acre.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 23.—A special from Dallas, Tex., to the *Post-Dispatch* says: The hot winds which have prevailed for the past month have destroyed all chances of a large cotton crop in Texas. Reports from all over the northern and central sections of the State are that the crops will not average more than a quarter of a bale to the acre. This indicates not to exceed 2,000,000 bales for the entire State.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 23.—A special from Dallas, Tex., says the weather continues fearfully hot. For ten days past the thermometer has daily gone up to 103 to 106 degrees in the shade. No such long continued, horribly hot weather has ever been experienced in Texas. Water is giving out everywhere. The city council this morning ordered all street sprinkling stopped in view of the scarcity of water in the reservoir. It now looks like the cotton crop of north Texas and the Indian Territory will be totally destroyed. Up to date we have lost 1,000,000 bales.

PORTO RICAN SOLDIERS.

A Battalion Enlisted for Service in the United States Army—Experiment Proved a Success.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 23.—According to recent advices received at the War Department, the experiment of enlisting natives of the West Indies into the American army has proved quite successful in the case of the Porto Rican battalion of United States volunteers, which body completed its organization a few weeks ago. This battalion is commanded by Major L. P. Davison, and is the only one of its kind in the army.

Lieutenant Briand, who is the battalion adjutant, has written a letter to Major Johnson, of the adjutant general's office, speaking in high praise of the composition of the battalion. He says that the Porto Rican soldiers are a fine lot of men, obedient and willing to learn; they take great pride in being soldiers of the United States army, and always dress very clean and neat. His opinion is that Porto Rican soldiers, officered by Americans, will be a success and a valuable addition to the United States army.

ATTEMPTED ASSAULT.

A Negro's Narrow Escape From Lynching in South Carolina.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 23.—News has been received here of an attempted rape near Barnwell court house, this State, this morning. A negro engaged in laying rails for the Atlantic Coast Line pursued a young white girl to her door. The whole gang is surrounded and will be arrested, so that the girl can identify the guilty man. Barnwell people report no danger of lynching.

When the negroes were arrested they told which was the guilty party. He was given thirty-four lashes and told to skip, which he did. Some hotheads were in favor of lynching, but as he did not accomplish his purpose the wiser counsel prevailed.

S. A. L. FAST FREIGHT SERVICE.

From Chicago to Charlotte in Four Days. Three Shipments of Four Days Each.

The Seaboard Air Line is giving some surprisingly fast freight service recently.

The following from the Augusta, Ga., *Tribune*.

Plankington Packing Co. shipped from Chicago, night of May 13th, via Pan Handle, and Seaboard Air Line, P. R. L. car No. 2350 with provisions consigned to Cochran & McLaughlin, Charlotte, N. C. This car left Atlanta, May 16th, train No. 22, and arrived in Charlotte 3 P. M., May 17th, making the trip from Chicago to Charlotte in four days.

Swift & Co., shipped from Chicago, night of July 15th, S. R. L. car No. 2750, loaded with meat for M. C. Heath, Columbia, S. C., which was routed Pan Handle and Seaboard Air Line. The car was delivered to Heath 10 A. M., July 19th being only four days in transit.

A third instance was, A. R. L. car No. 5841, from Armour & Co., Chicago, Ills., July 15th, which arrived and was delivered to Youngblood & Cochran, Greenwood, S. C., July 19th, making the same good time as S. R. L. 2750, having been handled via Pan Handle and Seaboard Air Line. These instances are certainly worthy of note, but are only a few of the immense volume of through traffic handled in this unprecedented fast time by the Seaboard Air Line. †

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

COMPARATIVELY UNEVENTFUL.

Depositions in the Dreyfus Trial Not Productive of Thrilling Incidents.

WEAK POINTS IN EVIDENCE

Laid Bare by M. Labori Who Again Distinguished Himself—A Futile Attempt to Blast Dreyfus' Private Character.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

RENNES, August 23.—The session of the Dreyfus court martial here to-day was comparatively uneventful. The depositions were not productive of any thrilling incidents. The systematic production of the flimsiest trash which the court accepts as evidence, was proceeded with. Much of the ridiculous testimony of the morning was devoted to an attempt to blast Dreyfus' private character, though, when Maitres Labori and Demange had finished with the witnesses their bubbles of tittle-tattle were badly pricked. Much of the time was occupied in reading the testimony of Esterhazy and Mlle. Pays before the Court of Cassation, during which many of the audience left the court.

M. Labori again distinguished himself in laying bare the weak points of the evidence. He was less fierce, however, than yesterday, though quite aggressive enough to arouse the latent hostility of the judges which showed itself in various little ways. M. Labori is no favorite either with Major Carriere, the government commissary, and the latter makes no serious effort to conceal his feelings towards the lawyer.

M. Labori bore little traces of the effects of the outrage upon him. He rose, sat down and moved his body and limbs apparently without much difficulty. Only occasionally, he put his hands to his back as though suffering pain. His wife followed his every movement through a gold and tortoise-shell lorgnette.

An Interested Spectator.

Madame Rejane, the actress, was again an interested spectator in court to day, especially when M. Labori was on his feet and his voice was vibrating through the hall. Her eyes watched his mobile features, across which flittered every changing expression of indignation, anger or satisfaction, with the keen interest which spectators in a theatre follow her own acting. During some of the depositions M. Labori appeared very nervous. He was unable to remain still an instant, twitching his fingers and shaking his papers in his hand.

Counsel was almost too impatient to wait until the witnesses concluded their testimony.

Gen. Gonse Badly Mauled.

The only dangerous opponent of Dreyfus to-day was General Gonse, who mounted the stand with a quick step and apparently light heart. Bnt he left it badly mauled by M. Labori.

General Gonse began by declaring he came to defend his honor against "those driviling" against him. But when his cross examination was finished he returned to his seat with his tail between his legs, for Labori had driven him into a corner on the attempts of the general staff, for which Gonse was responsible, and engineered Esterhazy's escape from the hands of justice. The confident tones of the general had by then dwindled into the proverbial still small voice, and his defiant bearing had changed into the abashed air of a school boy caught telling a lie.

Astounding Forgetfulness.

The day proved certainly a poor one for the general staff. Two good samples of the men put up to sully Dreyfus' character were the third and fourth witnesses.

First Major Du Chatelet repeated an alleged conversation of Dreyfus regarding a lady at whose house Dreyfus is alleged to have gambled and lost money. But when cross-examined Du Chatelet's memory failed him entirely, especially when asked the name of the lady, the street she resided on and the sum Dreyfus lost. Next M. Du Breuil showed equally astounding forgetfulness on essential points of his evidence concerning Dreyfus' acquaintanceship with a foreign attache, and when M. Demange capped his successful examination of these points by promising to show M. Du Breuil's record in the law courts as far from clear, the witness left the stand badly disconcerted.

Tactics of the Defence.

The correspondent of the Associated Press talked this afternoon with M. Jaures, the Socialist leader, who with Mathieu Dreyfus sees Matrie Labori every day after the session and who is acquainted with the entire tactics of the defence. M. Jaures said:

"I am convinced that Dreyfus will be acquitted. He must be acquitted, for no new fact has been brought up against him. The generals, I believe, are going to make their last stand on Bertillon's system, which they intend to submit as proving Dreyfus guilty. Intelligent men laugh at it, but it is very ingenious and has the merit, in the eyes of the generals, of being incomprehensible to the ordinary man and thus calculated to impress him if supported by the puppets of the general staff.

"Bertillon's theory has already been introduced by some of the military witnesses, who declare their confidence in it. The trial, in my belief, will last about another twenty days."

Women and Gambling.

Comptroller Roy, the first witness called to-day, gave his impression of Dreyfus, which harmonized with those of the Generals who have already testified. But the witness was unable to give a single specific fact to substantiate his impressions.

Major Dreviell, employed in the German section of the war office, testified to a long string of similar insinuations. He referred to Dreyfus' alleged boastfulness of his money and his irregular attendance at his office.

After Dreyfus had rebutted one or two of this witness' statements, Major Du Chatelet was called. He described the alleged confidences of Dreyfus in regard to women and gambling.

Maitre Demange expressed surprise at the fact that the witness had not mentioned this at the courtmartial of 1894, to which Major Du Chatelet replied: "What! Here was a man accused of one of the most heinous crimes and you think you ought to have retailed his confidences in regard to women and gambling. Nonsense."

Dreyfus briefly corrected some of Du Chatelet's statements, and then Du Brieul, who described himself as a private gentleman, took the stand. He testified as to how he was introduced to Dreyfus by a certain M. Bodson, at whose house he afterwards dined, in company with Dreyfus and a German attache, whose name he did not remember. Continuing, M. Du Brieul said he was greatly astonished at the "suspicious sfamiliarity" between the attache and Dreyfus, and that, perceiving they disapproved of his presence, M. Du Brieul ceased his visits to M. Bodson. When the latter asked the reason for this, saying, according to the witness, that Dreyfus was a friend and even a lover of his wife, and asking witness' advice as to how to get rid of her, witness asked M. Bodson if he had proofs, and M. Bodson replied: "Proofs! Yes, I have even proofs enough to drive Dreyfus out of the French army."

Witness, however, was unable to learn to what M. Bodson referred.

M. Labori, after questioning the character of M. Du Brieul, asked the government commissary if he had made inquiry on the subject from Police Coutances, to which Major Carriere replied: "That is a strange request."

M. Labori—Everything is strange in this case and the evidence of this witness is by no means least strange.

Being pressed to describe more clearly the alleged German attache, M. Du Brieul replied that he did not know his name, but was told he was attached to the German embassy.

Another Beaurepaire Witness.

M. Labori—Was he a military or a civil attache?

M. Du Brieul—I do not remember, I do not know. Let Maitre Labori put himself in my place (laughter) and he will see the difficulty of remembering the name of a stranger he met thirteen years ago.

M. Labori—If I was unable to give his name I should not come here to testify. So, here is another Beaure, paire witness, who knows nothing yet testifies against the prisoner without being able to substantiate his allegations. The court will draw its own conclusion.

Dreyfus protested excitedly against the evidence of M. De Brieul, who is a Parisian friend of M. De Beaurepaire, but Colonel Jouaust exhorted him to be calm, promising the prisoner a chance to reply. This arrived shortly afterwards, and Dreyfus thundered out:

Dreyfus Denounces the Witness.

"I won't speak here of Monsieur ot Madame Bodson, except to say that my relations with Madame Bodson ceased in 1886 or 1887, since when I have never seen her. I wish simply to assert that the witness is lying. I never dined at M. Bodson's with any civil or military attache. The matter must be cleared up. People must produce definite facts here and not mere tittle-tattle. The name of the person with whom I am alleged to have dined must be ascertained. It must be known here who is lying and who is speaking the truth." (Great sensation.)

The government commissary: "It must be understood that I must refuse to undertake the inquiry Matire Labori suggests with reference to M. Du Brieul."

M. Labori: "The government commissioner must not think any one intends to be disrespectful to him. But I have received information that the criminal authorities of Coutance's are able to give interesting information in regard to M. Du Brieul. If I write to the public prosecutor he will not reply to me, but, if the government commissioner refuses my request, I will apply to the president, who is here solely concerned with the demonstration of the truth. I will beg him to be the interpreter of this respectful request. I know better than any one how much greater than mine is the position of the government commissioner."

M. Du Brieul having supported M. Labori's request, Colonel Jouaust announced that he would carry it out if he could legally do so.

When this incident concluded the trial again became utterly monotonous.

Major Lerond, a professor at the military school, described his relations with Esterhazy and Picquart, telling how Esterhazy attended the artillery manoeuvres of 1894 and 1896 and touching upon Picquart's subsequent inquiry as to whether in 1894, Esterhazy could have obtained secret documents relating to new inventions, to which inquiry the witness replied in the negative. The Major added that during this interview, Picquart said he spoke in behalf of the Minister of War. This Colonel Picquart afterward denied.

After Colonel Picquart's rebuttal, Colonel Jouaust announced it was Esterhazy's turn to speak, but that as he was not present the evidence which he gave before the Court of Cassation would be read. The clerk of the court according, read to an inattentive audience Esterhazy's deposition, as published April last.

The reading of Esterhazy's deposition occupied an hour, during which the audience devoted most of its attention to M. Labori, whose appearance denoted no diminution of energy.

M. Labori asked that the Tavernier inquiry on Paty de Clam should be produced, whereupon the government commissary said: "I ask that the request be refused."

Paty de Clam to Appear Monday.

Replying to counsel, the commissary said he hoped Paty de Clam would be able to appear in a few days. The doctors had been holding a conference on Paty de Clam and hoped he would be in shape to appear by Monday.

Maitre Labori gravely added that he hoped this might proved true, and his auditors smiled, apparently at the thought of what would happen to Paty de Clam.

Referring to Esterhazy, M. Labori declared that the only reason he had not been arrested by General Saussier was that the general had been duped by the headquarters staff. [Sensation.]

The evidence of Mlle. Pays, the friend of Esterhazy, given before the Court of Cassation, was then read by the clerk of the court, as the witness did not appear when her name was called.

Dreyfus at College.

General Leblin de Dionne, a governor of the military college, then testified to Dreyfus' character at college. The prisoner, he said, displayed great intelligence, but had a deplorable temper. He recalled a remark of Dreyfus that people of Alsace-Loraine would be much happier under German rule than under the rule of France.

Dreyfus, in reply, declared that he had not only never said this but had never thought it.

M. Lanquety, a mining engineer, was called. He was sworn before the Court of Cassation to seeing Dreyfus in Brussels in 1894. He said he would not be certain as to the year.

Dreyfus, rising, said he could refresh the memory of the witness. "I met you, M. Lanquety," said Dreyfus, "at a restaurant in the Saint Hubert Arcade during the exposition of 1886. We exchanged a few words."

M. Lanquety admitted that the prisoner's statement was true.

The court adjourned for the day at 11:40 A. M.

LONDON, August 24.—Official permission to appear at the Rennes court martial, if cited, has been granted, according to the Rome correspondent of the *Daily Mail*, to Colonel Panizardi, formerly Italian military attache in Paris, who recently denied in a communication to the *Figaro* the statement of General Roget, in his evidence at Rennes, that Panizzardi addressed a report to Signor Ressman, formerly Italian ambassador to France, to the effect that Colonel Schwartzkoppen formerly German military attache in Paris, had relations with Dreyfus.

DISAPPOINTED CUBAN SOLDIERS.

Five Men Killed and Ten Wounded in a Fight With the Gendarmes.

OVER PAYMENT TO TROOPS.

Imperfect Lists Causing Dissatisfaction. Rumors That a Force is Being Organized to Attack Pay Office. No Trouble Anticipated.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 23.—Five men are dead and ten wounded as a result of a fight last night between gendarmes and disappointed Cuban soldiers at Cuevitas, three miles from Santiago, where the payment of the Cuban troops is progressing. Five thousand troops had gathered there to receive pay, and after three days only 580 had been paid. Thousands who had been disappointed at other points had come to Cuevitas, as the last place of payment in the province.

The imperfect list causes great dissatisfaction, and a rumor, circulated yesterday, that the paymasters would leave to day, alarmed the men who had not been paid. They began to collect in groups and to show their annoyance. Finally their threats became serious.

Captain Beliat, with twenty gendarmes, was present to preserve order among the applicants and the United States troops protected Colonel Moale, the officer having charge of the payments. Suddenly Captain Beliat, who was mounted, was surrounded by a mob, struck by stones and bottles and wounded in the arm. His men promptly fired a volley into the mob, three persons being instantly killed and thirteen wounded, two of whom died this morning.

For a few minutes there was a lively conflict, carbines and machetes being used freely. Captain Beliat was the only gendarme wounded. All the dead were colored Cuban soldiers.

This morning payment was resumed under a heavy guard. There are rumors that a force is being organized to attack the pay office, but these are probably unfounded.

General Castillo, civil governor of Santiago de Cuba, was at Cuevitas at the time and soon restored order.

There is no doubt that the inaccurate list will cause a great deal of hardship. Many veterans have vainly followed the United States Commissioners for six weeks, only to find that their names are not listed.

General Leonard Wood, military governor, does not, however, anticipate serious trouble.

THE CASE OF CAPT. CARTER.

He is Charged With Misappropriating Funds of the Government—Attorney General Griggs' Statement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., August 23.—Attorney General Griggs made the following statement to-night to the Associated Press correspondent regarding the case of Captain Oberlin M. Carter, charged with misappropriating United States government funds while in charge of the work of improving the harbor of Savannah, Ga.:

"The situation in the Carter case is just this: I have gone over the evidence in the case, which is very voluminous, covering, as it does, the technical details of the different branches of the work in the very fullest manner. Nothing more can be done in the matter until Hon. Wayne MacVeagh, counsel for Captain Carter, has made his argument before me. Mr. MacVeagh is now in Europe and will not return to this country until about September 15th. As soon after he returns as convenient a date will be set for Mr. MacVeagh to present his argument in behalf of Captain Carter before me. After that I shall make my report to President McKinley.

"There is absolutely no truth in the published statements that I have arrived at a decision in the case and that it will be made public in a few days. How could I come to a decision without first hearing the argument of the defendant's counsel, even if I had made up my mind in regard to the case after examining the evidence?

"Would it be proper for me to announce my decision without first hearing Mr. MacVeagh?"

TO BE PUSHED VIGOROUSLY

The Campaign in the Philippines—Secretary Root's Conference With President McKinley.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 23.—Secretary of War Root to-day returned to the city from his visit to the President at Lake Champlain. During the evening he spent some time with General Corbin and Acting Secretary Meiklejohn. That the campaign in the Philippines is to be pushed vigorously and promptly is evident from a remark the Secretary made to the reporters. He was determined, he said, that every man belonging to the twenty regiments of volunteers now being recruited shall eat his Christmas dinner in that country. This contradicts the published report that ten of these regiments were to be held in the United States as a reserve force. Regarding the reports the General Wesley Merritt, who has also been at Lake Champlain in conference with the President and his secretary is to succeed General Otis in command of the troops in the Philippines, Secretary Root was non-commital. He declined to make any positive statement in regard to the subject.

GERMAN CABINET CRISIS.

A Crown Council Held—The Cabinet Will Remain in Office.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BERLIN, August 23.—A Prussian crown council was held to-day. The Emperor presided. It lasted two and a half hours. Before the session of the council his majesty received a report of the situation from Dr. Von Lucanus, chief of the Emperor's civil cabinet.

Prince Von der Neburg, the German ambassador to France, lunched with the Emperor to-day. It is inferrd they discussed the Dreyfus affair.

It is understood that as a result of the council the cabinet will remain in office and there will be no dissolution.

The members of the Presidential party spent yesterday in making preparations for their departure from Plattsburg. To-night the party will leave for Long Branch, where they will spend Friday and Saturday as the guests of Vice President and Mrs. Hobart.

TROOPS CALLED OUT

To Suppress an Incipient Negro Riot at Darien, Ga.—An Alleged Assault on a White Girl.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., August 23.—Acting under orders from Governor Candler, Capt. P. F. Gleason, senior officer present of the First Georgia volunteers, took two hundred men to Darrien Ga., fifty-six miles from here, on a special train this afternoon to suppress an incipient negro riot and bring here a negro prisoner named Henry Delegall, charged with an assault on a young white girl.

Word came from Mayor Kenan, of Darien, that the town was in charge of an armed negro mob, and he urged that troops be sent with all speed. When the troops arrived at 7 o'clock they found many excited negroes gathered, but otherwise no disorder. Captain Gleason marched his men up to the McIntosh county jail, received the prisoner Delegall from the sheriff and carried him to the train. Captain Gleason and 125 of his men returned here to-night, arriving at 10:30 o'clock and Delegall was lodged in Chatham county jail. The object of the negroes in assembling was to prevent Delegall's being lynched or taken away from McIntosh county. They did not attempt to interfere with the military. Captain Gleason left seventy-five men to preserve order. The crime for which the negro was arrested is said to have been committed nine months ago, the victim having told the story upon the birth of her mulatto child. She said she did not tell before because Delegall threatened to kill her and her father if she did so.

The name of the woman in Darien was Mrs. Matilda Hope, a young woman aged 22 years. Her husband left her some time ago. The alleged offence was committed in McIntosh county, about twelve miles from Darien.

Members of the military companies who returned to-night said several hundred negroes were standing around on the streets of Darien armed with shotguns and pistols, all muttering threats. As the train pulled out with Delegall and the troops it was fired upon several times by unknown parties, but no one was hurt.

PROTECTION FROM FROST.

Bulletin to be Issued by the U. S. Department of Agriculture—How Danger Can be Lessened.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 23.—As a means of furnishing in popular form the necessary information in relation to methods of protecting crops from frost, the United States Department of Agriculture has had prepared and will soon issue Farmers Bulletin Number 104, entitled "Notes on frost."

The bulletin says that experiments and observation seem to establish the following facts:

The danger of damage from frost can be materially lessened by placing early and tender plants on high grounds and crests, and hardier plants in low grounds and hollows. When ground can be selected in the lee, or to the south and east of considerable bodies of water, the danger will be further lessened. In the dry climate of the citrus fruit region of California and in the promising fruit districts of Arizona, small and numerous fires, preferably of coal, burned in iron baskets, have been found to be the most effective device used for protection against frost; second in point of utility may be placed irrigation, and the practical process which affords the least protection in that respect appears to be smudge fires.

In the orange-growing districts of the South irrigation affords the most effective protection against frost, while in sections where this process cannot be employed damp smudge fires, properly handled are best adapted to general use.

OCRACOKE ISLAND.

Further Particular of the Damage Caused By the Hurricane.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., August 23.—Further particulars of the storm at Ocracoke island, N. C., are coming in. The Old Dominion Steamship Company sent the steamer Ocracoke from Washington, N. C., to the island, and Captain David Hill, the commander, states that his family, who reside there, barely escaped in a small boat to higher ground. Mr. George L. Buckman and son, of Washington, who were stopping on the island, were drowned and a colored man died of fright. The forty-room residence of a Mr. Tuttle was badly damaged, and the hotel Pender wrecked. Many smaller houses, a large barge and a Norfolk and Southern barge were broken into pieces and nearly all the stock on the island killed. The Ocracoke removed all the Summer visitors from the island to Washington.

ADMIRAL DEWEY

Preparing For the New York Reception. Expected to Visit Nice.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

NICE, August 23.—Admiral Dewey and the officers and men of the Olympia, now at Villefranca, near here, are already anticipating their New York reception and are preparing for their part in it. The admiral has received permission from the authorities to land the Olympia battalion at Villefranca for drill purposes during the remainder of the cruiser's stay there.

M. Granet, prefect of the Alpes-Maritimes, visited Admiral Dewey today. The former expressed the pleasure of the French government at the admiral's visit, adding his assurances of personal admiration. It is expected that Admiral Dewey will come to Nice to-morrow and return the prefect's and other official calls.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 23.—Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 2; Pittsburg, 5. Second game. Cincinnati, 5; Pittsburg, 3.

St. Louis—St. Louis, 8; Chicago, 5. Second game, St. Louis, 7; Chicago, 12 (called on account of darkness at end of seventh inning)

Louisville—Louisville, 13; Cleveland, 3.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually, yet gently, when costive or bilious; to permanently overcome habitual constipation; to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them; to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

SEVERE STORM IN GEORGIA.

A Woman Killed by Lightning and Great Damage to Property in Athens. Crops Destroyed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, August 23.—A *Constitution* special from Athens, Ga., says:

The worst storm ever known here passed over this city last night. Mary Echols, a negro, was killed by lightning and $10,000 damage was done to property. On lower Broad street the water was nearly two feet deep, and the basements of many business houses were flooded. Accompanying the rain was a large amount of hail. This fell with great force, smashing windowpanes and skylights at a number of places.

At the planing mills of the Moss Manufacturing Company on River street the rain washed out a large hole under one end of the building, causing the foundation to sink and twisting the shafting badly and damaging the machinery. Adjoining this mill is the Baily foundry. A portion of the foundation sunk and twisted the shafting. The foundry was two feet deep in water this morning. These firms as well as several others have shut down for repairs.

In the districts of Clarke county adjoining Athens on the south and east the crops were seriously damaged. In many places there was not a boll of cotton left upon the stalks. Corn was blown down and fodder was ruined. Several bridges in the lower part of the country were washed away.

TRANSVAAL SITUATION.

Reply to British Proposals Received in London—Disquieting Reports From Natal.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 23.—Secretary of State for the Colonies, Jos. Chamberlain, has received the text of the Transvaal reply to the proposals of the British government, and now has them under consideration. The members of the cabinet are within reach. Until the government has determined on what course to pursue, Mr. Chamberlain is unwilling to divulge the contents of the message from South Africa.

PRETORIA, August 23.—Conygham Greene, British agent and charge d'affaires at Pretoria, to day presented to the government a further dispatch from the British Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, the nature of which has not yet been divulged. The presumption is that it is connected with the recent *pour parleur*. The members of the executive chamber are apparently more cheerful.

LONDON, August 23.—The Johannesburg correspondent of the *Times* says: "Disquieting reports have been received here from Natal. It is said that on Sunday a train from Johannesburg was fired on in the Transvaal territory. The feeling near the border is bitter, and the disloyal Natal Dutch are armed with Mausers."

NEW COTTON MILLS.

Twenty-two Chartered in North Carolina This Year Up to Date.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 23.—The Secretary of State to-day made a report on cotton mills chartered this year to date. There are twenty-two of these—three each in Rockingham and Alamance, two each in Lincoln and Edgecombe, and one each in Gaston, Davidson, Forsyth, Richmond, Moore, Cleveland, Cumberland and Guilford.

Another cotton mill was chartered to-day at Spray, Rockingham county, with a paid up capital of $100,000. B. N. Duke and J. B. Duke are among the incorporators.

MISSISSIPPI DEMOCRATS.

Longino Nominated For Governor—Chicago Platform Reaffirmed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSON, MISS., August 23.—Hon. A. H. Longino, of Washington county, was to-day nominated for Governor of Mississippi by the Democratic Convention without opposition.

The convention re-affirmed its adherence to the Chicago platform and endorsed Bryan for president.

WARM WIRELETS.

Assistant Surgeon Heiser at Naples cabled the Marine Hospital Bureau that there is absolutely no truth in the report that the plague has appeared at Naples and Palermo.

The first heat of the Patchen-Gentry match race for $2,000 was a dead heat; time 2:08. Patchen won the second heat; time 2:09. Patchen won the third heat and the race, 2:15¼.

A Paris dispatch says: A rumor was current in various newspaper offices late yesterday that President Loubet had been assassinated at Rambouillet. Subsequently the report was officially declared untrue.

General Victoriano Torres, commander of San Jose de Las Matas, Santo Domingo, has declared for the revolution, and it is reported that Santiago has pronounced in favor of the revolution.

The Shamrock's racing mast is not stepped yet. The crew were hard at work overhauling the yacht's rigging. It is said that the Shamrock will be ready for a trial spin in less than a week.

The national council of the Daughters of Liberty, in session at Tiffin, O., adjourned to meet at Charlotte, N. C., the third week in August, 1900. The organization elected as national councillor Thos. B. Ivey, of Virginia.

A firm of Birmingham, Eng., has received an order for 14,000,000 Mauser cartridges for urgent delivery to South Africa. Secrecy is being observed as to the exact destination of rifles in that territory.

Daniel J. Campan, Michigan member of the Democratic National Committee, denies that there is any truth in the reported movement on foot to have the next national convention held three or four months earlier than usual.

Governor Tyler of Virginia has commuted to life imprisonment the death sentence of Thomas W. Price, who was to have been hanged September 6th for murder of Hall Carter. Price is a very old man, and belongs to a highly respected family.

The U. S. transport McClellan sailed from Brooklyn yesterday for San Juan, P. R., and Santiago, Cuba, carrying sixteen hundred tons of clothing, provisions, medicines and building material for the destitute in Porto Rico.

There is nothing to indicate that there will be any change in the programme arranged for to-day's Republican State convention in Pennsylvania. Even the most radical opponents of Senator Quay concede that he will control the convention and that the ticket and platform will be framed in accordance with his wishes.

NEW CARPETS

THEY ARE ARRIVING, MANY HAVE COME IN, AND OTHERS TO FOLLOW.

OUR BUYER having visited the markets early, has shown exceptionally good taste in CAREFULLY SKIMMING and accepting none but the Pure and Unadulterated Cream.

AXMINSTERS, - VELVETS, - TAPESTERIS,

EXTRA SUPERS and AXMINSTER ART SQUARES. THE ART SQUARES

Are something very artistic in design and made of best goods, and are well worthy of your consideration. The Carpets are most exquisite in effects, and those who have homes to furnish will make a mistake by not seeing them before making their purchase.

An invitation is extended to all, to call and inspect the stock.

The best work guaranteed and promptness is a characteristic of the house.

Yours, truly,

A. D. BROWN,

aug 20 tf Agent for "Her Majesty's" Corsets and Butterick's Patterns

"Take a Rest."

That's the first advice from the physician when the busy, hustling business man feels approaching breakdown. A prominent nerve specialist once said to a patient—a business man on the verge of a nervous collapse—"Close your eyes for 20 days or take a trip to the seashore." If you can't take a rest take a glass. The eyes need rest more than any organ of the human system. You can rest them by quitting your work or using a glass. You get the right glass at the right price from us.

DINGELHOEF BROS., OCULO OPTICIANS, MARKET STREET.

aug 20 tf PARLOR NO. 123.

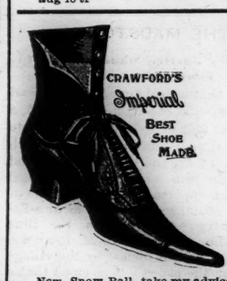
Who saves his dimes at idle times,
Investing them securely,
Will see them grow 'till dollars flow
To swell his fortune surely.

This Bank receives without dissent.
Dollars, dimes or quarters,
And pays interest at rate of four per cent.,
To fathers, sons and daughters.

Full rules and regulations governing deposits may be had at the bank. The next quarter begins Sept. 1st.

WILMINGTON SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.

aug 18 tf J. W. NORWOOD, President. GEORGE SLOAN, Cashier.



Shoes is Our Motto.

We are looking forward all the while for the best Shoes on the market, so that we may be able to suit our many customers for the least money.

—Oh, by the way, Snow Ball, did you ever buy a pair of those $1.25 Men's Shoes at Gaylord's Shoe Store?

No. Why? Well, you ought to get yourself one pair of them, and I will guarantee you will never buy no other. Just let me tell you what the Shoe is and the brand of it, so you will not get the wrong kind:

1st. It has a double sole.
2nd. It has a solid heel.
3rd. It is good solid soft and flexible upper leather.
4th. It has a sole leather counter.
5th. It has hub gore elastic. The brand of the Shoe is "America." Strong as the nation. It is manufactured by Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., of St. Louis, Mo.

Now, Snow Ball, take my advice and try a pair of these Shoes. They come lace and elastic, wide and narrow toe. And you will thank me for putting you on this racket

We have a nice line of Ladies' Shoes, all the different toes, lace and button, from 75c to $3.00

Also, a big lot of Men's Shoes at 90c, and a big lot of Ladies' Shoes at 75c.

Terms strictly Cash. Don't forget the place, No. 100 Market street.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S NEW SHOE STORE.

aug 20 tf

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Notice—There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the East Carolina Piscatorial Association, at the office of the undersigned, room No. 5 Smith building, Wilmington, N. C., at 12 o'clock M., Tuesday, September 5th, 1899. Geo. H. Howell, Secretary. aug 23 12t

Notice—The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Onslow Land and Investment Company will be held at the office of the undersigned, room No. 5 Smith building, Wilmington, N. C., at 10.30 o'clock A. M., Tuesday, September 5th, 1899. Geo. H. Howell, Secretary. aug 23 12t

Seal Skin Smoking Tobacco, Queen of Virginia, Old Point Comfort and Government Threes. Charoots. Peach and Honey, Uncle Isom, Big Nickle Plug Tobaccos. Virginia Meal, Pic-Nic Cheese, Sugar Cakes. It pays to buy the best brands. Full line fresh goods. T. D. Love. ag 20

I Am Agent for the "Randolf" Buggy and also of other work. Come and see me when in need of Buggies and Harness. P. H. Hayden. aug 3 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. S. Winstead, Second street, corner postoffice green. jy 30 tf

Photographic Notice—U. C. Ellis, Photographer, has returned and is now at his old stand, 114 Market street. jy 16 tf

City Lots For Sale—Cheap for cash, or sold on time on sufficient margin. Apply to Geo. H. Howell, Attorney at Law, room No. 5 Smith building. jy 15 1m

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. R. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Rock Salt. Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 311 Market street. Telephones No. 93. my 28 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

The Murchison National Bank,

With Capital $200,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.

No philanthropy about it,

It's Business.

Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.
jy 27 tf

Maxton Building and Loan Association,

MAXTON, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, MAXTON.
ED. McRAE, MAXTON.
A. J. McKINNON, MAXTON.
G. B. PATTERSON, MAXTON.
R. W. LIVERMORE, PATES.
W. H. BERNARD, WILMINGTON.
M. G. McKENZIE, MAXTON.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the

Average Profits

of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per share.
Subscriptions to stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars. J. D. CROOM, President
W. B HARKER Secretary. je 10 tf

THE ... ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WITH ASSETS OF OVER

One Million Dollars.

OFFERS ABSOLUTE SECURITY TO DEPOSITORS.

CUSTOMERS' NEEDS PROMPTLY AND INTELLIGENTLY ATTENDED TO.

POLITE AND COURTEOUS ATTENTION GUARANTEED TO EVERY PATRON.

ACCOUNTS BOTH LARGE AND SMALL SOLICITED.

J. W. NORWOOD, President.
LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.
jy 29 tf

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